

Programming manual

Multi-Range DC Power Supply PSW-A Series

| | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| PSW-360L30A | PSW-720L30A | PSW-1080L30A |
| PSW-360L80A | PSW-720L80A | PSW-1080L80A |
| PSW-360M160A | PSW-720M160A | PSW-1080M160A |
| PSW-360M250A | PSW-720M250A | PSW-1080M250A |
| PSW-360H800A | PSW-720H800A | PSW-1080H800A |



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■ About the manual.

In order to be environmentally friendly and reduce waste, we are gradually discontinuing the use of paper or CD manuals that come with our products.

Even if there is a description attached to the instruction manual, it may not be attached. The latest version of the instruction manual is posted on our website (<https://www.texio.co.jp/download/>).

■ About firmware version

The contents described in this document apply to PSW-A series firmware version 3..24 or higher.

USING THE PRODUCT SAFELY

■ Preface

To use the product safely, read this instruction manual to the end. Before using this product, understand how to correctly use it.

If you read this manual but you do not understand how to use it, ask us or your local dealer. After you read this manual, save it so that you can read it anytime as required.

■ Notes on reading this instruction manual

- ◆ The contents of this instruction manual include technical terms in part of their explanation. If you do not understand those terms, do not hesitate to ask us or your local dealer.

■ Pictorial indication and warning character indication

This instruction manual and product show the warning and caution items required to safely use the product. The following pictorial indication and warning character indication are provided.

| | |
|---|---|
| <Pictorial indication>  | Some part of this product or the instruction manual may show This pictorial indication. In this case, if the product is incorrectly used in that part, a serious danger may be brought about on the user's body or the product. To use the part with this pictorial indication, be sure to refer to this instruction manual. |
| <Warning character Indication>  WARNING | If you use the product, ignoring this indication, you may get killed or seriously injured. This indication shows that the warning item to avoid the danger is provided. If you incorrectly use the product, ignoring this indication, you may get slightly injured or the product may be damaged. This indication shows that the caution item to avoid the danger is provided. |

USING THE PRODUCT SAFELY



WARNING

■ Do not remove the product's covers and panels

Never remove the product's covers and panels for any purpose.
Otherwise, the user's electric shock or a fire may be incurred.

■ Warning on using the product

The warning items given below are to avoid danger to the user's body and life and avoid the damage and deterioration of the product.

Use the product, observing the following warning and caution items.

■ Warning items on power supply

- Power supply voltage

As the rated power supply voltage of the product, the range from 100 to 240 VAC can be used without being switched.

- Power cord

Important: The attached power cord set can be used for this device only.

- Protection fuse

If an input protection fuse is blown, the product does not operate. When the fuse is blown, the user can replace it. However, replace it correctly, observing the warning and caution items that are provided in the section of the instruction manual where the fuse replacement is explained. If the fuse is incorrectly replaced, a fire may occur.

- Changing the power supply voltage

The rated power supply voltage cannot be changed. Use the product only at the rated power supply voltage indicated on the product.

Otherwise, a fire may occur. The product's rated power supply voltage is from 100 to 240 VAC. Use the product in this range. (For use at a voltage higher than 125 VAC, Please confirm the voltage ratings of the power cord.)

■ Warning item on grounding

The product has the GND terminal on the panel surface to protect the user from electric shock and protect the product. Be sure to ground the product to safely use it.

USING THE PRODUCT SAFELY



WARNING

■ Warning item on installation environment

- Operating temperature

Use the product within the operating temperature indicated in the rating column. If the product is used with the vents of the product blocked or in high ambient temperatures, a fire may occur.

- Operating humidity

Use the product within the operating humidity indicated in the rating column. Watch out for condensation by a sharp humidity change such as transfer to a room with a different humidity. Also, do not operate the product with wet hands. Otherwise, an electric shock or fire may occur.

- Use in a gas

Use in and around a place where an inflammable or explosive gas or steam is generated or stored may result in an explosion and fire. Do not operate the product in such an environment.

Also, use in and around a place where a corrosive gas is generated or spreading causes a serious damage to the product. Do not use the product in such an environment.

- Do not let foreign matter in

Do not insert metal and flammable materials into the product from its vent and spill water on it. Otherwise, an electric shock and fire may occur.

■ Warning item on abnormality while in use

If smoke or fire is generated from the product while in use, stop using the product, turn off the switch, and remove the power cord plug from the outlet. After confirming that no other devices catch fire, call the company or each sales office.

■ Front Panel

Please do not lift up the product, while touching the front grille.

USING THE PRODUCT SAFELY



CAUTION

■ Input/output terminal

Maximum input to the input terminals is specified to prevent the product from being damaged. Do not supply input, exceeding the specifications that are indicated in the "Rating" or "Caution on use" column in the instruction manual of the product. Otherwise, a product failure is caused. Also, do not supply power to the output terminals from the outside. Otherwise, a product failure is caused.

■ When the product is left unused for a long time

Be sure to remove the power plug from the outlet.

(Calibration)

Although the performance and specifications of the product are checked under strict quality control during shipment from the factory, they may aging rate because of aging rate in its parts. It is recommended to periodically calibrate the product so that it is used with its performance and specifications stable. For consultation about the product calibration, call the dealer or the company or each sales office where you bought the product.

(Daily maintenance)

When you clean off the dirt of the product covers, panels, and knobs, avoid solvents such as thinner and benzene. Otherwise, paint may peel off or the resin surface may be affected.

To wipe off the covers, panels, and knobs, use a soft cloth with neutral detergent in it. During cleaning, be careful that water, detergents, and other foreign matters do not get into the product.

If a liquid or metal gets into the product, an electric shock and fire are caused. During cleaning, remove the power cord plug from the outlet.

Use the product correctly and safely, observing the above warning and caution items. Because the instruction manual indicates caution items even in individual items, observe those caution items to correctly use the product.

If you have questions or comments about the content of the instruction manual, ask us or E-Mail us.

1. REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control.

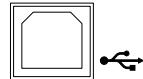
1.1. Interface Configuration

1.1.1. Configure USB Remote Interface

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| USB configuration | PC side connector | Type A, host |
| | This product side connector | Rear panel Type B, slave |
| | Speed | USB1.1 / USB2.0 |
| | USB Class | CDC |

Panel operation

steps Step instructions

- 1 Connect the USB cable to the rear panel USB B port.
- 2 Press the Function key for the Normal configuration settings.
Set the rear panel USB port to USB-CDC.
F-22: 2

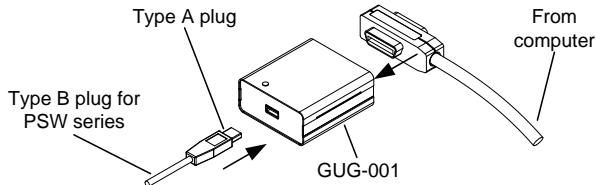
1.1.2. Configure GPIB Interface

To use GPIB, the optional GP-IB to USB (GUG-001) adapter must be used. The GPIB to USB adapter must be connected before this product is turned on. Only one GP-IB address can be used at a time.

GUG-001 connection and GP-IB settings

steps Step instructions

- 1 Ensure this product is power off before proceeding.
- 2 Connect the USB cable to the rear panel USB B port.
- 3 Connect the USB cable type A plug to the USB A port of GUG-001.
Connect the GP-IB cable from the GP-IB controller to the GP-IB port of GUG-001.



- 4 Turn this product on.
- 5 Press the Function key to enter the Normal configuration settings.
Set the real panel USB port to USB Host. F-22: 1
Set the GP-IB address. F-23: 0~30

GP-IB constraints The maximum number of devices connected in one system is 15, including the controller (PC).
The cable length between each device is 2m or less, and the maximum total cable length in one system is 20m or less.
Loop connections and parallel connections of GP-IB cables are prohibited.
Only one address will be assigned to each device; duplication is prohibited. Also, turn on power to 2/3 of all connected devices.

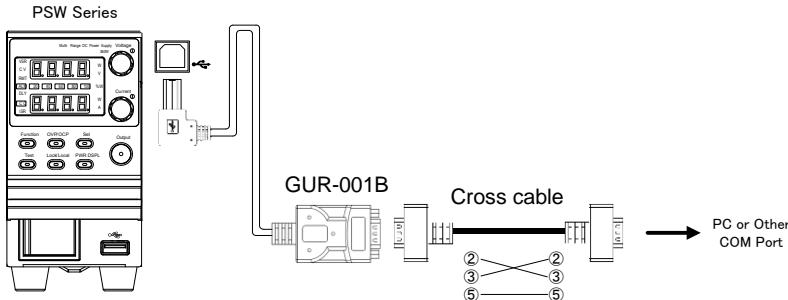
1.1.3. Configure RS-232C Interface

RS-232C control is possible by using the optional GUR-001B (RS-232C to USB) adapter.

GUR-001B connection and RS-232C settings

steps Step instructions

- 1 Ensure this product is power off before proceeding.
- 2 Connect the GUR-001B adapter to the USB-B port on the rear panel of this product. Connect to the controller using a cross cable.



- 3 Turn on the power of this product.
- 4 Press the Function key to make various RS-232C settings.
 - Set the real panel USB port to USB F-22: 1 Host.
 - Set the communication baud rate. F-71: 0 - 7
 - Set the data length. F-72: 0 / 1
 - Set the parity. F-73: 0 / 1 / 2
 - Set the stop bit. F-74: 0 / 1

RS-232C constraints Use “LF” as the delimiter.

1.1.4. Configure Ethernet Connection

The Ethernet interface can be configured for a number of different applications. Ethernet can be configured for basic remote control or monitoring using a web server or it can be configured as a socket server.

This product supports both DHCP connections so this product can be automatically connected to an existing network or alternatively, network settings can be manually configured.

Ethernet configuration Parameters

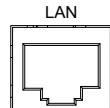
| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| MAC Address (display only) | LAN |
| DHCP | IP Address |
| Subnet Mask | Gateway |
| DNS Address | Sockets Active |
| Web Server Active | Web Password Active |
| Web set password | 0000~9999 (default 0000) |
| Port number: 2268 (fixed) | |

Web Server Configuration

This configuration example will configure this product as a web server and use DHCP to automatically assign an IP address to this product.

steps Step instructions

- 1 Connect the Ethernet cable from the network to the Ethernet port on the rear panel.



- 2 Press the Function key for the Normal configuration settings.
Set the following LAN settings:
Enable LAN F-36: 1
Turn DHCP to enable F-37: 1
Turn the web server on F-59: 1



Note

It may be necessary to cycle the power or refresh the web browser to connect to a network.

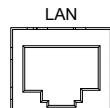
Sockets Server Configuration

This configuration example will configure this product sockets server.

The configuration settings instructions will manually assign an IP address to this product and enable the socket server. The socket server port number is 2268 (fixed) and cannot be set.

steps Step instructions

- 1 Connect the Ethernet cable from the network to the Ethernet port on the rear panel.



- 2 Press the Function key for the Normal configuration settings.
Set the following LAN settings:
Enable LAN F-36: 1
Turn DHCP to disable F-37: 0
IP Address part 1 of 4 F-39: 172
IP Address part 2 of 4 F-40: 16
IP Address part 3 of 4 F-41: 5
IP Address part 4 of 4 F-42: 133
Subnet Mask part 1 of 4 F-43: 255
Subnet Mask part 2 of 4 F-44: 255
Subnet Mask part 3 of 4 F-45: 128
Subnet Mask part 4 of 4 F-46: 0
Gateway part 1 of 4 F-43: 172
Gateway part 2 of 4 F-44: 16
Gateway part 3 of 4 F-45: 21

1.2. Communication check

1.2.1. USB Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check

Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm. This product will appear as a COM port on the PC.

To check the COM port No, see the Device Manager in the PC.

 Note For more information about sending and receiving remote commands using the Terminal application over a USB connection, refer to page 9.

Run this query command via the terminal after this product has been configured for USB remote control.

*idn?

This will return the manufacturer, model name, serial number, and firmware version.

 Note The A at the end of the model name response is omitted.

1.2.2. Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.

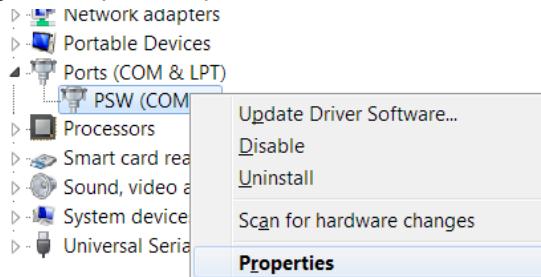
The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.

 Note Realterm can be downloaded for free on the Internet.

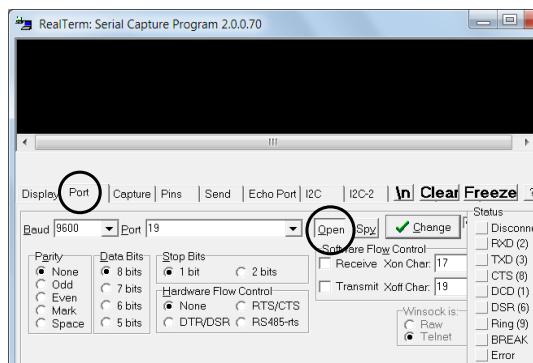
steps Step instructions

- 1 Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.
- 2 Connect this product via USB.

- 3 Find the COM port number to which this product is connected from Windows Device Manager.
Double click the Ports icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for each connected device.
The baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed for the virtual COM port by right-clicking connected device and selecting the Properties option.



- 4 Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator.
Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the Run as Administrator option.
- 5 After Realterm has started, click on the Port tab.
Enter settings for the connection's baud rate, parity, data bits, stop bits, and port number.
The Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control options can be left at the default settings.
Press Open to connect to this product.



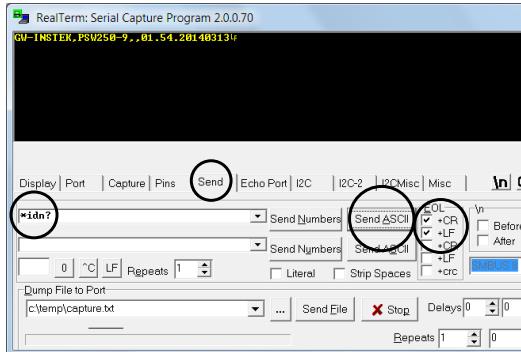
- 6 Click on the Send tab.

In the EOL configuration, check on the +CR and +LF check boxes.

Enter the query:

*idn?

Click on Send ASCII.



- 7 The terminal display will return the following:
manufacturer, model, serial number, version
- 8 If Realterm fails to connect to this product, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

1.2.3. GP-IB Remote Control Function Check

Its possible use National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer (NI MAX) to check if GP-IB connection is working properly. Use of NI MAX requires NI-488.2 to be installed.

After installing NI-488.2, download NI-488.2 and complete the installation. NI-488.2 can be downloaded from the NI website www.ni.com. Find it on the NI website by searching for "NI-488.2"

The following feature checks are based on version 2022 Q3.

 Note NI-488.2 can be downloaded from the NI website www.ni.com. Find it on the NI website by searching for "NI-488.2"

steps Step instructions

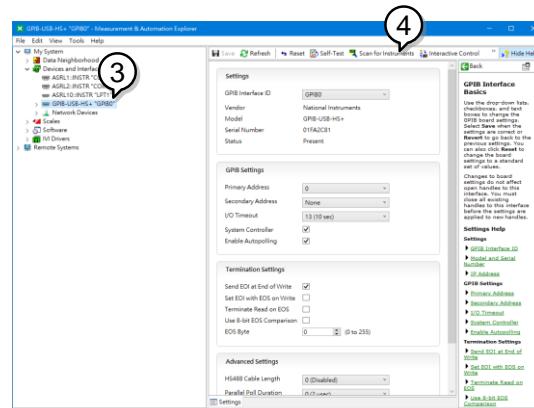
- 1 Complete the setup steps above.

- 2 Start the Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program.
When using Windows, click in the following order:
Start > All Programs >
National Instruments > NI MAX



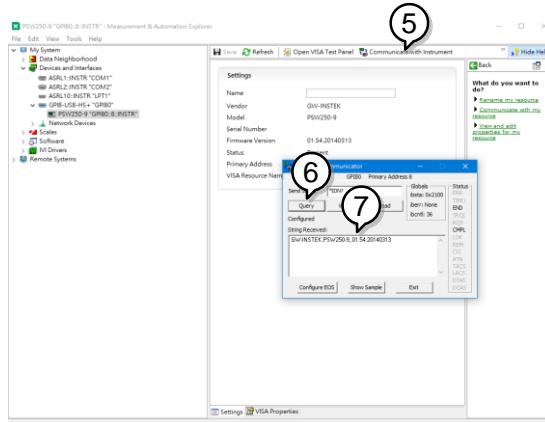
The Measurement & Automation Explorer initial splash screen.

- 3 From the Configuration panel access;
My System>Devices and Interfaces>GPIB0(GPIB-USB-HS+)
4 Press the Scan for Instruments button.



- 5 Click on Communicate with Instrument.
6 In the NI-488.2 Communicator window, enter "*IDN?" in the Send String text box.
Click on the Query button to send the *IDN?
7 The String Received text box will display the query return:
manufacturer, model name, serial number, version
The A at the end of the model name response is omitted.





8 The function check is complete.

1.2.4. Socket Server Function Check

Its possible use National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer (NI MAX) to check if socket server connection is working properly. Use of NI MAX requires NI-VISA to be installed.

The following feature checks are based on version 2022 Q3.

Note NI-VISA can be downloaded from the NI website www.ni.com. Find it on the NI website by searching for "NI-VISA Download."

steps Step instructions

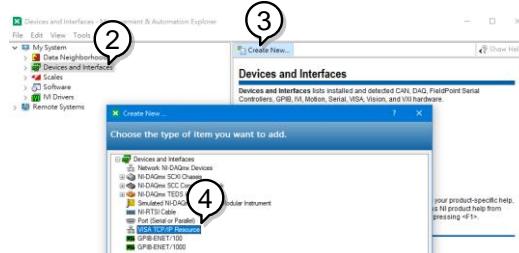
- 1 Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program.

When using Windows, click in the following order:
Start > All Programs >National Instruments > NI Max



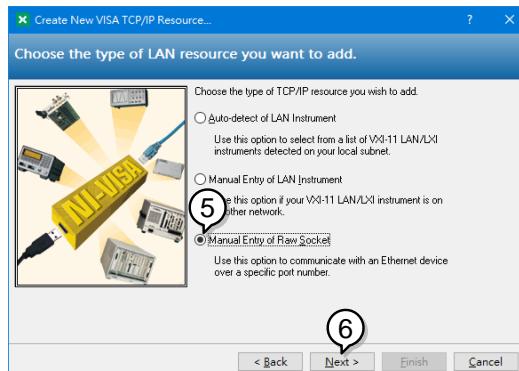
- 2 From the Configuration panel access;
My System > Devices and Interfaces > Network Devices
- 3 Click Create New.... .

4 Select VISA TCP/IP Resource.



5 Select Manual Entry of Raw Socket from the popup window.

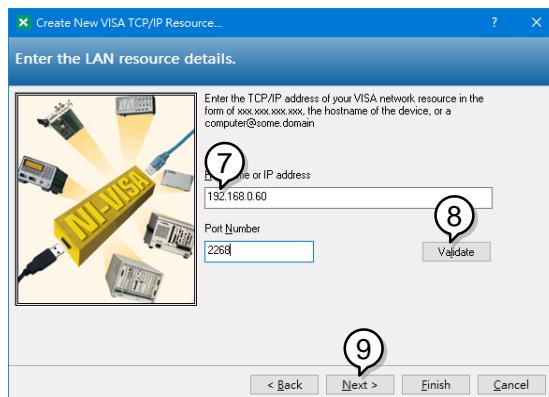
6 Click Next.



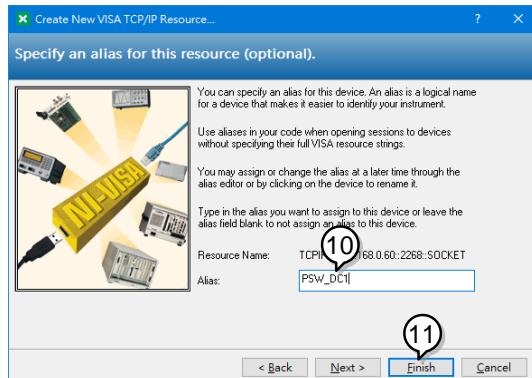
7 Enter the IP address and the port number of this product. The port number is fixed at 2268.

8 Click the Validate button. A popup box will appear when successful.

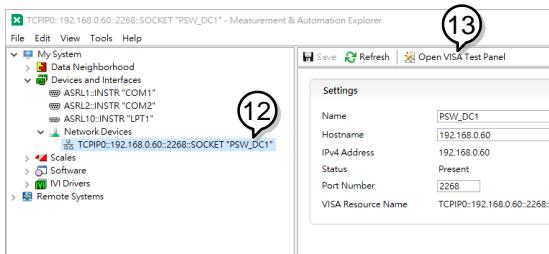
9 Click Next.



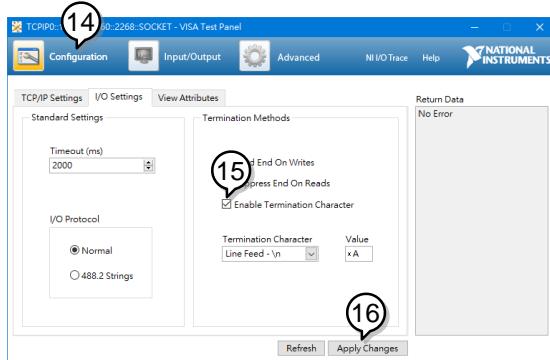
- 10 Next configure the Alias (name) of this product connection.
In this example the Alias is: PSW_DC1
- 11 Click finish.



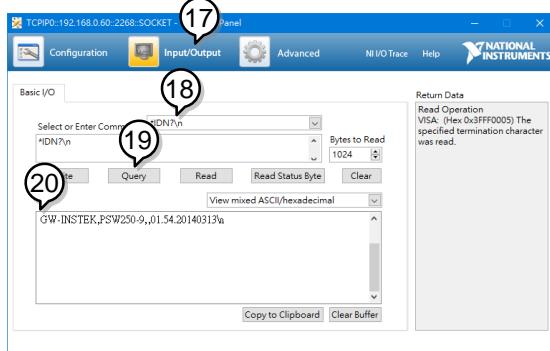
- 12 The IP address of this product will now appear under Network Devices in the configuration panel. Select this icon.
- 13 Press Open VISA Test Panel.



- 14 Click Configuration icon.
- 15 In the I/O Settings tab, select the Enable Termination Character check box. Ensure Line Feed - '\n' is selected as the line feed character.
- 16 Click Apply Changes.



- 17 Click the Input/Output icon.
- 18 Ensure *IDN? :\n is selected in the Select or Enter Command dropdown text box.
- 19 Click the Query button.
- 20 The *IDN? query should be returned to the buffer area:



2. Command

2.1. Command Syntax

| | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Compatible Standard | IEEE488.2 SCPI, 1999 | Partial compatibility Partial compatibility |
| Command Structure | SCPI commands follow a tree-like structure, organized into nodes. Each level of the command tree is a node. Each keyword in a SCPI command represents each node in the command tree. Each keyword (node) of a SCPI command is separated by a colon (:). For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example. | |

MEASure MEASure:SCALar:CURREnt:DC?
|
SCALar
|
VOLTage CURREnt Power
| | |
DC DC DC

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Command types | There are many different instrument commands and queries. Commands send instructions or data to a unit, and queries receive data or status information from a unit. |
| Types | <u>Description</u> |
| Single command | A single command with/without a parameter. Example “*IDN?” |
| Query command | A query is a simple or compound command followed by a question mark (?). A parameter (data) is returned. Example “meas:curr:dc?” |
| Compound command | Two or more commands on the same command line. Compound commands are separated with either a semi-colon (;) or a semi-colon and a colon (::). A semi-colon is used to join two related commands, with the caveat that the last command must begin at the last node of the first command. A semi-colon and colon are used to combine two commands from different nodes. Example “meas:volt:dc?::meas:curr:dc?” |

| Command Forms | <p>Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case.</p> <p>The commands can be written in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.</p> <p>Below are examples of correctly written commands.</p> | | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Long form example | <p>STATUs:OPERation:NTRansition? STATUS:OPERATION:NTRANSITION? status:operation:ntransition?</p> | | | |
| Short form example | <p>STAT:OPER:NTR? stat:oper:ntr?</p> | | | |
| Square Brackets | <p>Commands that contain square brackets indicate that the contents are optional. The function of the command is the same with or without the square bracketed items, as shown below.</p> <p>Both “DISPlay:MENU[:NAME]?” and “DISPlay:MENU?” are both valid forms.</p> | | | |
| Command Format | <p>APPLY 1.5,5.2 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>1: Command header 2: Space (half-width) 3: Parameter 1 4: Comma (no space before/after comma) 5: Parameter 2</p> | | | |
| Parameters | Type | Description | Example | |
| | <Boolean> | Boolean logic | 0, 1 | |
| | <NR1> | integers | 0, 1, 2, 3 | |
| | <NR2> | Number with decimal point | 0.1, 3.14, 8.5 | |
| | <NR3> | Numbers containing floating points | 4.5e-1, 8.25e+1 | |
| | <NRf> | Either NR1, 2, or 3 | 1, 1.5, 4.5e-1 | |

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <block data> | Definitive length arbitrary block data. A single decimal digit followed by data. The decimal digit specifies how many 8-bit data bytes follow. |
| End code | LF |

2.2. Command List

2.2.1. Abort Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------|
| ABORT | Cancel all trigger operations | 27 |

2.2.2. Apply Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| APPLy | Set both voltage and current values | 27 |

2.2.3. Display Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|-------------------------------|---|------|
| DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] | Select and query display menu | 28 |
| DISPlay[:WINDOW] :TEXT:CLEar | Clear the text on the display | 28 |
| DISPlay[:WINDOW] :TEXT[:DATA] | Set and query the text on the display | 29 |
| DISPlay:BLINK | Set and query turning on/off the flashing display | 29 |

2.2.4. Initiate Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| INITiate[:IMMEDIATE]:NAME | Initiate TRANSient or OUTPut trigger | 30 |

2.2.5. Measure Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------------------------|--|------|
| MEASure[:SCALar] :ALL[:DC] | Returns the measured average output current and voltage. | 31 |
| MEASure[:SCALar] :CURRent[:DC] | Returns the measured average output current. | 31 |
| MEASure[:SCALar] :VOLTage[:DC] | Returns the measured average output voltage. | 31 |
| MEASure[:SCALar] :POWER[:DC] | Returns the measured average output power. | 31 |

2.2.6. Output Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------------------------|--|------|
| OUTPut:DELay:ON | Set and query output on delay time | 32 |
| OUTPut:DELay:OFF | Set and query output off delay time | 32 |
| OUTPut:MODE | Select and query the V-I mode | 33 |
| OUTPut[:STATe] [:IMMEDIATE] | Set and query output on/off | 33 |
| OUTPut[:STATe]:TRIGgered | Set and query output on/off when software trigger occurs | 34 |
| OUTPut:PROTection:CLEar | Clear the operating status of the protection circuit | 34 |
| OUTPut:PROTection :TRIPPed | Returns the protection circuit operating status. | 35 |

2.2.7. Sense Command

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|---------------------|---|------|
| SENSe:AVERage:COUNT | Set and query measurement averaging level | 35 |
| SENSe:DLOG:PERiod | Sets and queries the logging interval for the logging function. | 36 |
| SENSe:DLOG:STATe | Sets and queries the logging function operation settings and data output destination. | 36 |

2.2.8. Status Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|----------------------------------|---|------|
| STATus:OPERation [:EVENT] | Operation Status Event register. | 37 |
| STATus:OPERation :CONDition | Query the Operation Status Condition register. | 38 |
| STATus:OPERation:ENABLE | Set and query the Operation Status Enable register. | 38 |
| STATus:OPERation :PTRansition | Set or query the Positive Transition filter of the Operation Status register. | 38 |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|----|
| STATus:OPERation :NTRansition | Set and query the Negative Transition filter of the Operation Status register. | 39 |
| STATus:QUESTIONable [:EVENT] | Query the Questionable Status Event register. | 39 |
| STATus:QUESTIONable :CONDITION | Query the Questionable Status Condition register. | 40 |
| STATus:QUESTIONable :ENABLE | Set and query the Questionable Status Enable register. | 40 |
| STATus:QUESTIONable :PTRansition | Set and query the Positive Transition filter of the Questionable Status register. | 40 |
| STATus:QUESTIONable :NTRansition | Set and query the Negative Transition filter of the Questionable Status register. | 41 |
| STATus:PRESet | Reset registers/filters to default values. | 41 |

2.2.9. Source Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--|---|------|
| [SOURce:]CURRent [:LEVel][,:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] | Sets or queries the current value in A unit. | 42 |
| [SOURce:]CURRent [:LEVel]:TRIGgered [:AMPLitude] | Sets or queries the setting current value when the software trigger is generated. | 43 |
| [SOURce:]CURRent :PROtection[:LEVel] | Sets or queries the OCP value. | 44 |
| [SOURce:]CURRent :PROtection:STATe | Turns OCP on or off. | 44 |
| [SOURce:]CURRent :SLEW:RISing | Sets or queries the rising current slew rate. | 45 |
| [SOURce:]CURRent :SLEW:FALLing | Sets or queries the falling current slew rate. | 45 |
| [SOURce:]RESistance [:LEVel][,:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] | Sets or queries the internal resistance. | 46 |

| | | |
|---|---|----|
| [SOURce:]VOLTage [:LEVel][[:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] | Sets or queries the setting voltage value. | 47 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel] :TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] | Sets or queries the setting voltage value when the software trigger is generated. | 48 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :PROTection[:LEVel] | Sets or queries the OVP value. | 49 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :SLEW:RISing | Sets or queries the rising voltage slew rate. | 49 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :SLEW:FALLing | Sets or queries the falling voltage slew rate. | 50 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :PROTection:LOW:STATe | Sets or queries the enable/disable of tUVP function. | 51 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :PROTection:LOW:DELay | Sets or queries the tUVP delay time. | 51 |
| [SOURce:]VOLTage :PROTection:LOW[:LEVel] | Sets or queries the tUVP voltage level. | 52 |
| [SOURce:]POWER[:LEVel] [:IMMEDIATE][[:AMPLitude]] | Sets or queries the setting power value. | 53 |

2.2.10. Trigger Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--|--|------|
| TRIGger:TRANSient [:IMMEDIATE] | Generates a software trigger. | 53 |
| TRIGger:TRANSient :SOURce | Sets or queries the trigger source for the transient system. | 54 |
| TRIGger:OUTPut [:IMMEDIATE] | Generates a software trigger for the output trigger system. | 54 |
| TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce | Sets or queries the trigger source for the output system. | 55 |
| [:SOURce]:VOLTage :PROTection:LOW:STATe | Sets or queries the enable/disable of tUVP function. | 51 |
| [:SOURce]:VOLTage :PROTection:LOW:DELay | Sets or queries the tUVP delay time. | 51 |

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----|
| <code>:SOURce]:VOLTage</code> | Sets or queries the tUVP | 52 |
| <code>:PROTection:LOW[:LEVel]</code> | voltage level. | |

2.2.11. System Commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--|---|------|
| <code>SYSTem:BEEPer[:IMMEDIATE]</code> | Sets or queries the duration of the buzzer from this product. | 55 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer[:STATe]</code> | Sets or queries the buzzer state on/off. | 56 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:BLEeder[:STATe]</code> | Sets or queries the status of the bleeder resistor. | 56 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip[:IMMEDIATE]</code> | Trips the power switch. Even if this command is executed, the power switch will not be tripped. | 57 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip:PROtection</code> | Enables/Disables the power switch trip when the OVP or OCP protection are tripped. Even if this command is executed, the power switch will not be tripped. | 57 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:CURREnt:CONTrol</code> | Sets or queries the CC control mode. | 58 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:VOLTage:CONTrol</code> | Sets or queries the CV control mode. | 59 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave</code> | Sets or queries parallel and series operation of equipment. | 59 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut:EXTernal[:MODE]</code> | Sets or queries the external output logic. | 60 |
| <code>SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut:PON[:STATe]</code> | Sets or queries the unit to turn the output ON/OFF at power-up. | 61 |
| <code>SYSTem:COMMunicate:ENABLE</code> | Enables/disables or queries remote interfaces and remote services. | 61 |
| <code>SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDress</code> | Sets or queries the GP-IB address. | 62 |
| <code>SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IPADDress</code> | Sets or queries LAN IP address. | 62 |

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|----|
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:GATEway | Sets or queries the Gateway address. | 63 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:SMASK | Sets or queries the LAN subnet mask. | 63 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:MAC | Returns the unit MAC address. | 64 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:DHCP | Sets or queries the turns DHCP on/off. | 64 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:DNS | Sets or queries the DNS address. | 65 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:HOSTname | Returns the host name. | 65 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:WEB:PACTive | Sets or queries whether the web password is on or off. | 65 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :LAN:WEB:PASSword | Sets or queries the web password. | 66 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :RLSTate | Sets or queries the control state of the instrument. | 66 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :USB:FRONT:STATE | Queries the front panel USB-A port state. | 67 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :USB:REAR:STATE | Queries the rear panel USB-B port state. | 67 |
| SYSTem:COMMUnicatE :USB:REAR:MODE | Sets or queries the rear panel USB-B port mode. | 68 |
| SYSTem:ERRor | Queries the error queue. | 69 |
| SYSTem:KEYLock:MODE | Sets or queries the output key operation in panel locked. | 69 |
| SYSTem:KLOCK | Sets or queries the front panel control as enables or disables. | 70 |
| SYSTem:INFormation | Queries the system information. | 70 |
| SYSTem:PRESet | Resets all the settings to the factory default settings. | 70 |
| SYSTem:VERSion | Returns the version of the SCPI specifications that the unit complies with. | 71 |

2.2.12. Logging function commands

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------|----------------------|------|
| FETCh:DLOG | Return logging data. | 71 |

2.2.13. Fan stop function command

| Command name | Overview | Page |
|------------------------|---|------|
| CONTrol:FAN:STOP:STATE | Sets and queries the fan stop function. | 73 |

2.2.14. Common Commands

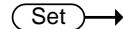
| Command name | Overview | Page |
|--------------|---|------|
| *CLS | Clear various registers. | 73 |
| *ESE | Sets or queries the Standard Event Status Enable register. | 74 |
| *ESR | Queries the Standard Event Status register. | 74 |
| *IDN | Queries the instrument ID. | 74 |
| *OPC | After all commands are processed, set the OPC bit in the Standard Event Status register. Returns 1 after all outstanding commands are completed. | 75 |
| *RST | Performs the instrument reset. | 75 |
| *SRE | Sets or queries the Service Request Enable register. | 76 |
| *STB | Queries the Status Byte register. | 76 |
| *TRG | Generate a trigger. | 76 |
| *TST | Executes a self test. | 77 |
| *WAI | No other commands or queries are executed until the outstanding command completes. | 77 |

2.3. Command description

2.3.1. Abort Command

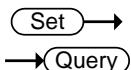
| | |
|-------------|---|
| ABORT |  |
| Description | The ABORt command cancels all trigger actions. There is no response. |
| Syntax | ABORt |

2.3.2. APPLy Command

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|
| APPLy |   | | | | | | | | |
| Description | <p>The APPLy command is used to set both the voltage and current. The voltage and current will be output as soon as the function is executed if the programmed values are within the accepted range. An execution error will occur if the programmed values are not within accepted ranges.</p> <p>The Apply command will set the voltage/current values but these values will not be reflected on the display until the Output is On or if the DISPLAY:MENU:NAME 3 (set menu) command is used.</p> | | | | | | | | |
| Syntax | APPLy {<voltage>} MIN MAX [,{<current>} MIN MAX] | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table><tr><td><voltage></td><td><NRf>: Configurable voltage value</td></tr><tr><td><current></td><td><NRf>: Configurable current value</td></tr><tr><td>MIN</td><td>Minimum value of setting range.</td></tr><tr><td>MAX</td><td>Maximum value of setting range.</td></tr></table> | <voltage> | <NRf>: Configurable voltage value | <current> | <NRf>: Configurable current value | MIN | Minimum value of setting range. | MAX | Maximum value of setting range. |
| <voltage> | <NRf>: Configurable voltage value | | | | | | | | |
| <current> | <NRf>: Configurable current value | | | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum value of setting range. | | | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum value of setting range. | | | | | | | | |
| Example | APPL 5.05,1.1 Sets the voltage and current to 5.05V and 1.1A. | | | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | APPL? | | | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <NRf>: Already set voltage/current values | | | | | | | | |
| Example | APPL? +5.050, +1.100 Returns voltage (5.05V) and current (1.1A) setting. | | | | | | | | |

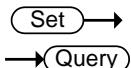
2.3.3. Display Commands

| DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] | | Set → → Query |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Description | The DISPlay MENU command selects a screen menu or queries the current screen menu. | |
| Syntax | DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] <NR1> | |
| Parameter | <NR1> | |
| | 0 | Measurement Voltage Measurement Current |
| | 1 | Measurement Voltage Measurement Power |
| | 2 | Measurement Power Measurement Current |
| | 3 | Setting Voltage/Current value |
| | 4 | Setting OVP / OCP value |
| | 55~99 | Not Used |
| | 100~199 | Contents of F-00~99 |
| Example | DISP:MENU:NAME 0 Set the display to the measurement voltage value and measurement current value. | |
| Query Syntax | DISPlay:MENU[:NAME]? | |
| Return parameter | Same as syntax parameter | |
| Example | DISPlay:MENU? 0 Display contents are Measurement Voltage and Measurement Current. | |
| DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT:CLEar | | Set → |
| Description | Erases the text on the display set with the DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT[:DATA] command. | |
| Syntax | DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT:CLEar | |
| Example | DISP:TEXT:CLE Clears the text on display. | |



DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT[:DATA]

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets and queries the text displayed on the display. Setting the text overwrites the displayed text. Overwriting the display area with a shorter string may or may not overwrite the screen. Strings must be enclosed in quotes: "STRING". <string> can only contain ASCII characters 20H to 7EH. |
| Syntax | DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT[:DATA] <string> |
| Parameter | <string> ASCII character 20H to 7EH can be used to in the string parameter. The string must be enclosed in quotes: "STRING" |
| Example | DISP:WIND:TEXT:DATA "STRING" Set the display section display to STRING. |
| Query Syntax | DISPlay[:WINDOW]:TEXT[:DATA]? |
| Return parameter | Same as syntax parameter |
| Example | DISP:WIND:TEXT:DATA? "STRING" Returns the text string set in the display area. |



DISPlay:BLINK

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Turns blink on or off for the display. |
| Syntax | DISPlay:BLINK {0 1 OFF ON} |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF Turns blink OFF 1 / ON Turns blink ON |
| Example | DISP:BLIN ON Turn on the blinking of display. |
| Query Syntax | DISPlay:BLINK? |
| Return parameter | 0 Blink is off 1 Blink is on |
| Example | DISP:BLIN? 0 Display is blink off state. |

2.3.4. Initiate Command

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| INITiate[:IMMEDIATE]:NAME | |  |
| Description | The INITiate command starts the TRANSient or OUTPut trigger. Refer to “Trigger commands” on page 53 . | |
| Syntax | INITiate[:IMMEDIATE]:NAME {TRANSient OUTPut} | |
| Parameter | TRANSient Starts the TRANSient trigger. OUTPut Starts the OUTPut trigger. | |
| Example 1 | Setting the transient system using triggers in immediate mode. TRIG:TRAN:SOUR IMM CURR:TRIG MAX VOLT:TRIG 5 INIT:NAME TRAN With this command, current and voltage will change to maximum current and 5V. | |
| Example 2 | Setting the transient system using triggers in BUS mode. TRIG:TRAN:SOUR BUS CURR:TRIG MAX VOLT:TRIG 5 INIT:NAME TRAN TRIG:TRAN (or *TRG) With TRIG:TRAN (or *TRG) command, current and voltage will change to maximum current and 5V. | |
| Example 3 | Setting the output system using triggers in immediate mode. TRIG:OUTP:SOUR IMM OUTP:TRIG 1 INIT:NAME OUTP With this command, the output changes to ON. | |
| Example 4 | The output system for the trigger in BUS mode. TRIG:OUTP:SOUR BUS OUTP:TRIG 1 INIT:NAME OUTP TRIG:OUTP (or *TRG) | |

With TRIG:TRAN (or *TRG) command, the output changes to ON.

2.3.5. Measure Commands

MEASure[:SCALar]:ALL[:DC]



Description Returns the measurement average output current and voltage.

Query Syntax MEASure[:SCALar]:ALL[:DC]?

Return parameter <voltage>,<current>
Returns the voltage (V) and current (A).

Example MEAS:ALL?
+5.000,+1.000
Output voltage and current value are 5.000V, 1.000A.

MEASure[:SCALar]:CURRent[:DC]



Description Returns the measurement average output current.

Query Syntax MEASure[:SCALar]:CURRent[:DC]?

Return parameter <current>
Returns the current (A).

Example MEASure:CURR?
+1.000
Output current value is 1.000A

MEASure[:SCALar]:VOLTage[:DC]



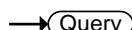
Description Returns the measurement average output voltage.

Query Syntax MEASure[:SCALar]:VOLTage[:DC]?

Return parameter <voltage>
Returns the voltage (V).

Example MEASure:VOLT?
+5.000
Output voltage value is 5.000V

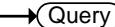
MEASure[:SCALar]:POWER[:DC]



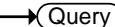
Description Returns the measurement average output power.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Query Syntax | MEASure[:SCALar]:POWeR[:DC]? |
| Return parameter | <power> Returns the power (W). |
| Example | MEASure:POWeR? +4.996992 Output power value is 4.996992W |

2.3.6. Output Commands

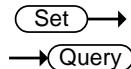
 →
 →

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| OUTPut:DELay:ON | |
| Description | Sets the Delay Time in seconds for turning the output on. The delay is set to 0.00 by default. |
| Syntax | OUTPut:DELay:ON <NRf> |
| Parameter | <NR3> 0.00~99.99 seconds, where 0=no delay. |
| Example | OUTP:DEL:ON 1 Set the output on delay time to 1 second. |
| Query Syntax | OUTPut:DELay:ON? |
| Return parameter | <NR3> Returns the delay on time for output on in seconds. |
| Example | OUTP:DEL:ON? +10.00 The output on delay time setting value is 10 seconds. |

 →
 →

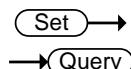
| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| OUTPut:DELay:OFF | |
| Description | Sets the Delay Time in seconds for turning the output off. The delay is set to 0.00 by default. |
| Syntax | OUTPut:DELay:OFF <NRf> |
| Parameter | <NR3> 0.00~99.99 seconds, where 0=no delay. |
| Example | OUTP:DEL:OFF 1 Set the output off delay time to 1 second. |
| Query Syntax | OUTPut:DELay:OFF? |

| | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Return parameter | <NR3> | Returns the delay on time for output off in seconds. |
| Example | OUTP:DEL:OFF? +10.00 | The output off delay time setting value is 10 seconds. |



OUTPut:MODE

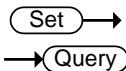
| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets this product output mode. This is the equivalent to the F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select) settings. | |
| Syntax | OUTPut:MODE {<NR1> CVHS CCHS CVLS CCLS} | |
| Parameter | 0 / CVHS | CV high speed priority |
| | 1 / CCHS | CC high speed priority |
| | 2 / CVLS | CV slew rate priority |
| | 3 / CCLS | CC slew rate priority |
| Example | OUTP:MODE CVHS Set V-I mode slew rate to CV high speed priority. | |
| Query Syntax | OUTPut:MODE? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | CV high speed priority |
| | 1 | CC high speed priority |
| | 2 | CV slew rate priority |
| | 3 | CC slew rate priority |
| Example | OUTP:MODE? 0 | The V-I mode slew rate is set to CV high speed priority. |



OUTPut[:STATe][:IMMEDIATE]

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|
| Description | Turns the output on or off. | |
| Syntax | OUTPut[:STATe][:IMMEDIATE] {OFF ON 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Turns the output off. |
| | 1 / ON | Turns the output on. |
| Example | OUTP ON Turn on output. | |

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Query Syntax | OUTPut[:STATe][:IMMEDIATE] | |
| Return parameter | 0 | Output off state |
| | 1 | Output on state |
| Example | OUTP? | |
| | 1 | Output is on. |



| | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| OUTPut[:STATe]:TRIGgered | | |
| Description | Turns the output on or off when a software trigger is generated. | |
| Syntax | OUTPut[:STATe]:TRIGgered {OFF ON 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Turns the output off when a software trigger is generated. |
| | 1 / ON | Turns the output on when a software trigger is generated. |
| Example | OUTP:TRIG ON Turns on output when a software trigger is generated. | |
| Query Syntax | OUTPut[:STATe]:TRIGgered? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | The output turns off when a software trigger is generated. |
| | 1 | The output turns on when a software trigger is generated. |
| Example | OUTP:TRIG? 1 Set to turn on the output when a software trigger is generated. | |

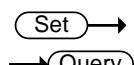
| | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| OUTPut:PROTection:CLEar | | |
| Description | Clears the overvoltage, overcurrent, and overtemperature (OVP, OCP, OTP) protection circuit operating status. The AC protection circuit cannot be cleared. | |
| Syntax | OUTPut:PROTection:CLEar | |

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Example | OUTP:PROT:CLE |
| Clears the protection circuit operating status. | |

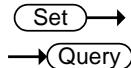
→ 

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| OUTPut:PROTection:TRIPped | |
| Description | Returns the operating status of the protection circuit (OVP, OCP, OTP). |
| Query Syntax | OUTPut:PROTection:TRIPped? |
| Return parameter | 0 Protection circuit is not activated. 1 Protection circuit is activated. |
| Example | OUTP:PROT:TRIP? 0 Protection circuits is not tripped. |

2.3.7. Sense Command

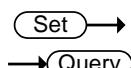
Set → 

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| SENSe:AVERage:COUNT | |
| Description | Sets the level of measurement averaging. Same as F-17 settings. |
| Syntax | SENSe:AVERage:COUNt {<NR1>} LOW MIDDLE HIGH} |
| Parameter | 0 / LOW Set measurement averaging level to Low 1 / MIDDLE Set measurement averaging level to Middle 2 / HIGH Set measurement averaging level to High |
| Example | SENS:AVER:COUN LOW Set measurement averaging level to Low |
| Query Syntax | SENSe:AVERage:COUNT? |
| Return parameter | 0 Measurement averaging level setting is Low 1 Measurement averaging level setting is Middle 2 Measurement averaging level setting is High |
| Example | SENS:AVER:COUN? 0 Measurement averaging level setting is Low. |



SENSe:DLOG:PERiod

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------|---|---------|--|---------|--|
| Description | Sets and queries the logging interval for the logging function. | | | | | | |
| Caution | Log data does not have timestamps. If change the logging interval while logging, the measurement time will not be known. | | | | | | |
| Syntax | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod {<NRf> MINimum MAXimum } | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td> <td>0.1 - 999.9 seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MINimum</td> <td>Minimum logging interval (0.1 seconds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAXimum</td> <td>Maximum logging interval (999.9 seconds)</td> </tr> </table> | <NRf> | 0.1 - 999.9 seconds | MINimum | Minimum logging interval (0.1 seconds) | MAXimum | Maximum logging interval (999.9 seconds) |
| <NRf> | 0.1 - 999.9 seconds | | | | | | |
| MINimum | Minimum logging interval (0.1 seconds) | | | | | | |
| MAXimum | Maximum logging interval (999.9 seconds) | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod 10 Set the logging interval to 10 seconds. | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod MIN Set the logging interval to the minimum. | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod? [MINimum MAXimum] | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td> <td>Setted logging interval time, Unit: seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MINimum</td> <td>Minimum logging interval</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAXimum</td> <td>Maximum logging interval</td> </tr> </table> | <NRf> | Setted logging interval time, Unit: seconds | MINimum | Minimum logging interval | MAXimum | Maximum logging interval |
| <NRf> | Setted logging interval time, Unit: seconds | | | | | | |
| MINimum | Minimum logging interval | | | | | | |
| MAXimum | Maximum logging interval | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod? 10.0 The logging interval is set to 10 seconds. | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | SENSe:DLOG:PERiod? MIN 0.1 The minimum logging interval is 0.1 seconds. | | | | | | |



SENSe:DLOG:STATe

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Sets and queries the logging function operation settings and data output destination. |
| Syntax | SENSe:DLOG:STATe {0 1 2} |

| | | |
|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Parameter | 0 | Turns off execution of the logging function. |
| | 1 | Execute logging function Data output destination: Front USB port |
| | 2 | Execute logging function Data output destination: Remote communications |
| Example | SENS:DLOG:STAT 1 | |
| | | The logging data is output to the front USB port and the logging function is executed. |
| Query Syntax | SENSe:DLOG:STATE? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | The logging function is turned off. |
| | 1 | The data output destination is the front USB port and the logging function is running. |
| | 2 | The data output destination is the remote communication and the logging function is running. |
| Example | SENS:DLOG:STAT? | |
| | 2 | The data output destination is the front USB port, and the logging function is running. |

2.3.8. Status Commands

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| STATus:OPERation[:EVENT] | |  Query |
| Description | Queries the bit sum of the Operation Status Event register. After the query response, the contents of the register are cleared. | |
| Query Syntax | STATus:OPERation[:EVENT]? | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | Returns the bit sum of the Operation Status Event register. |
| Example | STAT:OPER? | |
| | 0 | The bits in the operation status event register have a total of 0. |

STATus:OPERation:CONDition→ **Query**

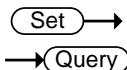
| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Description | Queries the bit sum of Operation Status Condition register. This query will not clear the register. | |
| Query Syntax | STATus:OPERation:CONDition? | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | Returns the bit sum of the Operation Status Condition register. |

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Example | STAT:OPER:COND? 0 The bits in the Operation Status Condition register have a total of 0. | |
| Set | → | |
| STATus:OPERation:ENABLE | → Query | |
| Description | Sets or queries the Operation Status Enable register by the bit sums. | |
| Syntax | STATus:OPERation:ENABLE <NR1> | |
| Parameter | <NR1> | 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:ENAB 256 Set the Operation Status Enable register to 256 (CV). | |
| Query Syntax | STATus:OPERation:ENABLE? | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:ENAB? 256 The bits in the Operation Status Enable register is 256 (CV). | |

STATus:OPERation:PTRansition→ **Set**
→ **Query**

| | | |
|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the Positive Transition filter of the Operation Status register by the bit sums. | |
| Syntax | STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <NR1> | |
| Parameter | <NR1> | 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:PTR 256 | |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| | Set the Positive Transition filter of the Operation Status register to 256 (CV). |
| Query Syntax | STATUs:OPERation:PTRansition? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:PTR? 256 The setting content of the Positive Transition filter of the Operation Status register is 256 (CV). |



STATUs:OPERation:NTRansition

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries the Negative Transition filter of the Operation Status register by the bit sums. |
| Syntax | STATUs:OPERation:NTRansition <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:NTR 256 Set the Negative Transition filter of the Operation Status register to 256 (CV). |
| Query Syntax | STATUs:OPERation:NTRansition? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:OPER:NTR? 256 The setting content of the Negative Transition filter of the Operation Status register is 256 (CV). |

STATUs:QUEStionable[:EVENT]



| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Queries the bit sum of the Questionable Status Event register. After the query response, the contents of the register are cleared. |
| Query Syntax | STATUs:QUEStionable[:EVENT]? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:QUES? 0 |

The bits in the Questionable Status Event register have a total of 0.

STATus:QUESTIONable:CONDition

→Query

Description Queries the bit sum of the Questionable Status Condition register. This query will not clear the register.

Query Syntax STATUs:QUESTIONable:CONDition?

Return parameter <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums

Example STAT:QUES:COND?

0

The bits in the Questionable Status Condition register have a total of 0.

Set →

STATus:QUESTIONable:ENABLE

→Query

Description Sets or queries the Questionable Status Enable register by the bit sums.

Syntax STATUs:QUESTIONable:ENABLE <NR1>

Parameter <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums

Example STAT:QUES:ENAB 1

Set the Questionable Status Enable register to 1 (OV).

Query Syntax STATUs:QUESTIONable:ENABLE?

Return parameter <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums

Example STAT:QUES:ENAB?

1

The setting content of the Questionable Status Enable register is 1 (OV).

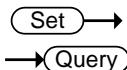
Set →

STATus:QUESTIONable:PTRansition

→Query

Description Sets or queries the Positive Transition filter of the Questionable Status register by bit sum.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Syntax | STATUs:QUEStionable:PTRansition <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:QUES:PTR 1 Set the Positive Transition filter of the Questionable Status register to 1. |
| Query Syntax | STATUs:QUEStionable:PTRansition? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:QUES:PTR? 1 The setting content of the Positive Transition filter of the Questionable Status register is 1. |



STATUs:QUEStionable:NTRansition

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries the Negative Transition filter of the Questionable Status register by bit sum. |
| Syntax | STATUs:QUEStionable:NTRansition <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:QUES:NTR 1 Set the Negative Transition filter of the Questionable Status register to 1. |
| Query Syntax | STATUs:QUEStionable:NTRansition? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 ~ 32767: The bit sums |
| Example | STAT:QUES:NTR? 1 The setting content of the Negative Transition filter of the Questionable Status register is 1. |



STATUs:PRESet

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | This command resets the ENABLE register, the PTRansition filter and NTRansition filter on the Operation Status and Questionable Status Registers. The registers/filters will be reset to a default value. |
|-------------|---|

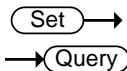
| Default Register/Filter Values | Setting |
|--|---------|
| Questionable Status Enable | 0x0000 |
| Questionable Status Positive Transition | 0x7FFF |
| Questionable Status Negative Transition | 0x0000 |
| Operation Status Enable | 0x0000 |
| Operation Status Positive Transition | 0x7FFF |
| Operation Status Negative Transition | 0x0000 |
| Positive Transition filters are all set high (0x7FFF) and the Negative Transition filters are all set low (0x0000). I.e., only positive transitions will be recognized for the Questionable Status and Operation Status registers. | |

Syntax STATUs:PRESet

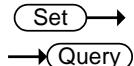
2.3.9. Source Commands

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| <p>[SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][[:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude]</p> | | | | | | | |
| |  →  → | | | | | | |
| Description | <p>Sets or queries the setting current value in A unit. In the case of a current value set externally (from the analog control connector), the set current value is returned.</p> | | | | | | |
| Syntax | <p>[SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][[:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] {<NRf>} MIN MAX}</p> | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>0 to 105% of rated current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum current value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated current value. | MIN | Minimum current value. | MAX | Maximum current value. |
| <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated current value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum current value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum current value. | | | | | | |
| Example | <p>CURR 1.5 Set the current value to 1.5A.</p> | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | <p>[[SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][[:IMMEDIATE]][:AMPLitude]? or [SOURce:]CURRent[:LEVel][[:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX}]</p> | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>Setted current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum current Value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | Setted current value. | MIN | Minimum current value. | MAX | Maximum current Value. |
| <NRf> | Setted current value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum current value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum current Value. | | | | | | |

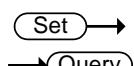
| | |
|-----------|---|
| Example 1 | CURR? |
| | +1.500 |
| | Returns the setting current (1.5A). |
| Example 2 | CURR? MAX |
| | +37.800 |
| | Returns the maximum possible current value (37.8A). |



| [SOURce:]CURREnt[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the setting current value in amperes when the software trigger is generated. | | | | | | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]CURREnt[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] {<NRf>} MIN MAX} | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>0 to 105% of rated current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum current value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated current value. | MIN | Minimum current value. | MAX | Maximum current value. |
| <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated current value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum current value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum current value. | | | | | | |
| Example | <p>CURR:TRIG 1.5 Set the setting current value when a software trigger is generated to 1.5A.</p> | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | <p>[SOURce:]CURREnt[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? or [SOURce:]CURREnt[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX}</p> | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>Setted current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum current value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum current value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | Setted current value. | MIN | Minimum current value. | MAX | Maximum current value. |
| <NRf> | Setted current value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum current value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum current value. | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | <p>CURR:TRIG? +1.500 The setting current value when a software trigger is generated is 1.5A.</p> | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | <p>CURR:TRIG? MAX +37.800 Returns the maximum possible current value (37.8A) when a software trigger is generated.</p> | | | | | | |

[SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]

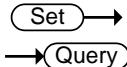
| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|--------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the OCP (over-current protection) value in amps. | | | | | | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel] {<NRf> MIN MAX} | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>OCP range in Amps.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum OCP value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum OCP value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | OCP range in Amps. | MIN | Minimum OCP value. | MAX | Maximum OCP value. |
| <NRf> | OCP range in Amps. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum OCP value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum OCP value. | | | | | | |
| Example | CURR:PROT 10 Set the OCP value to 10A. | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]?{MIN MAX} or [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection[:LEVel]? {<NRf>} | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <table> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>Setted OCP value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum OCP value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum OCP value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | Setted OCP value. | MIN | Minimum OCP value. | MAX | Maximum OCP value. |
| <NRf> | Setted OCP value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum OCP value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum OCP value. | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | CURR:PROT? +10.000 The setting OCP value is 10A. | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | CURR:PROT? MIN +3.600 Returns the minimum possible current level (3.6A) in OCP value. | | | | | | |

[SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection:STATe

| | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---------|--------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Description | Turns OCP (over-current protection) on or off. | | | | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection:STATe {0 1 OFF ON} | | | | |
| Parameter | <table> <tr> <td>0 / OFF</td><td>Turns the OCP off.</td></tr> <tr> <td>1 / ON</td><td>Turns the OCP on.</td></tr> </table> | 0 / OFF | Turns the OCP off. | 1 / ON | Turns the OCP on. |
| 0 / OFF | Turns the OCP off. | | | | |
| 1 / ON | Turns the OCP on. | | | | |
| Example | CURR:PROT:STAT OFF Turns the OCP off. | | | | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]CURRent:PROTection:STATe? | | | | |

| | | |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Return parameter | 0 | OCP is off. |
| | 1 | OCP is on. |
| Example | CURR:PROT:STAT? | |

0
OCP setting is off.



[SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:RISing

Description Sets or queries the rising current slew rate. This is only applicable for CC slew rate priority mode.

Syntax [SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:RISing {<NRf>|MIN|MAX}

| | | |
|-----------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| Parameter | <NRf> | Rising current slew rate range. |
| | MIN | Minimum rising current slew rate. |
| | MAX | Maximum rising current slew rate. |

| | |
|---------|--|
| Example | CURR:SLEW:RIS 10 |
| | Set the rising current slew rate to 10A/s. |

Query Syntax [SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:RISing?

or

[SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:RISing? {MIN|MAX}

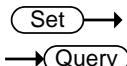
| | | |
|------------------|-------|--|
| Return parameter | <NRf> | Setted rising current slew rate value. |
|------------------|-------|--|

| | | |
|--|-----|-----------------------------------|
| | MIN | Minimum rising current slew rate. |
|--|-----|-----------------------------------|

| | | |
|--|-----|-----------------------------------|
| | MAX | Maximum rising current slew rate. |
|--|-----|-----------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Example 1 | CURR:SLEW:RIS? |
| | +10.00 |
| | The rising current slew rate is 10.00A/s. |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Example 2 | CURR:SLEW:RIS? MIN |
| | +0.01 |
| | Returns the minimum rising current slew rate (0.01A/s). |



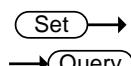
[SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:FALLing

Description Sets or queries the falling current slew rate. This is only applicable for CC slew rate priority mode.

Syntax [SOURce:]CURREnt:SLEW:FALLing {<NRf>|MIN|MAX}

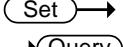
| | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | <NRf> | Falling current slew rate range. |
| | MIN | Minimum falling current slew rate. |
| | MAX | Maximum falling current slew rate. |
| Example | CURR:SLEW:FALL 10 | Set the fall current slew rate to 10A/s. |
| Query Syntax | SOURce:]CURRent:SLEW:FALLing? | |
| | or | |
| | [SOURce:]CURRent:SLEW:FALLing? {MIN MAX} | |
| Return parameter | <NRf> | Setted falling current slew rate value. |
| | MIN | Minimum falling current slew rate. |
| | MAX | Maximum falling current slew rate. |
| Example 1 | CURR:SLEW:FALL? | |
| | +10.00 | The falling current slew rate is 10.00A/s. |
| Example 2 | CURR:SLEW:FALL? MIN | |
| | +0.01 | Returns the minimum falling current slew rate (0.01A/s). |

[SOURce:]RESistance[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE]
[:AMPLitude]



| | | |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the internal resistance in ohms. | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]RESistance[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] {<NRf> MIN DEF MAX} | |
| Parameter | <NRf> | Internal resistance in ohms. |
| | MIN | Minimum internal resistance in ohms. |
| | MAX | Maximum internal resistance in ohms. |
| Example | RESistance 0.417 | |
| | Set the Internal resistance to 0.417Ω. | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]RESistance[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude] ? or [SOURce:]RESistance[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX} | |

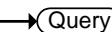
| | | |
|------------------|----------|---|
| Return parameter | <NRf> | Setted Internal resistance in ohms. |
| | MIN | Minimum internal resistance in ohms. |
| | MAX | Maximum internal resistance in ohms. |
| Example 1 | RES? | |
| | +0.417 | The Internal resistance is 0.417Ω. |
| Example 2 | RES? MAX | |
| | +0.833 | Returns the maximum internal resistance (0.833Ω). |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| [SOURce:]VOLTage [:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude] | |   |
| Description | Sets or queries the setting voltage value in V unit. In the case of a voltage value set externally (from the analog control connector), the set voltage value is returned. | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] {<NRf> MIN MAX} | |
| Parameter | <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated voltage value. |
| | MIN | Minimum voltage value. |
| | MAX | Maximum voltage value. |
| Example | VOLT 30 Set the voltage value to 30V. | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude]? or [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX} | |
| Return parameter | <NRf> | Setted voltage value. |
| | MIN | Minimum voltage value. |
| | MAX | Maximum voltage Value. |
| Example 1 | VOLT? +30.000 Returns the setting voltage (30V). | |

Example 2 VOLT? MAX
+31.500
Returns the maximum possible voltage value (31.5V).

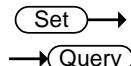
| [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] | | Set → | Query → |
|--|--|--|---------|
| Description | Sets or queries the setting voltage value in amperes when the software trigger is generated. | | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] {<NRf>} MIN MAX} | | |
| Parameter | <NRf> | 0 to 105% of rated voltage value. | |
| | MIN | Minimum voltage value. | |
| | MAX | Maximum current value. | |
| Example | VOLT:TRIG 30 | Set the setting voltage value when a software trigger is generated to 30V. | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? or [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX} | | |
| Return parameter | <NRf> | Setted voltage value. | |
| | MIN | Minimum voltage value. | |
| | MAX | Maximum voltage value. | |
| Example 1 | VOLT:TRIG? +30.000 | The setting voltage value when a software trigger is generated is 30V. | |
| Example 2 | VOLT:TRIG? MAX +31.500 | Returns the maximum possible voltage value (31.5V) when a software trigger is generated. | |

| | | |
|------------------|--|---|
| | [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel] |   |
| Description | Sets or queries the OVP (over-voltage protection) value in volts. | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel] {<NRf> MIN MAX} | |
| Parameter | <NRf> OVP range in Amps. MIN Minimum OVP value. MAX Maximum OVP value. | |
| Example | VOLT:PROT 10 Set the OVP value to 10AV | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]? or [SOURce:]VOLTage:PROTection[:LEVel]? {MIN MAX} | |
| Return parameter | <NRf> Setted OVP value. MIN Minimum OVP value. MAX Maximum OVP value. | |
| Example 1 | VOLT:PROT? +10.000 The setting OVP value is 10V. | |
| Example 2 | VOLT:PROT? MIN +33.000 Returns the maximum possible voltage level (33V) in OVP value. | |

| | | |
|-------------|--|---|
| | [SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:RISing |   |
| Description | Sets or queries the rising voltage slew rate. This is only applicable for CV slew rate priority mode. | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:RISing {<NRf> MIN MAX} | |
| Parameter | <NRf> Rising voltage slew rate range. MIN Minimum rising voltage slew rate. MAX Maximum rising voltage slew rate. | |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Example | VOLT:SLEW:RIS 10 Set the rise voltage slew rate to 10V/s. |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLT:SLEW:RISing? or [SOURce:]VOLT:SLEW:RISing? {MIN MAX} |
| Return parameter | <NRf> Setted rise voltage slew rate value. MIN Minimum rising voltage slew rate. MAX Maximum rising voltage slew rate. |
| Example 1 | VOLT:SLEW:RIS? +10.00 The rising current slew rate is 10.00V/s. |
| Example 2 | VOLT:SLEW:RIS? MIN +0.01 Returns the minimum rising voltage slew rate (0.01V/s). |

[SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:FALLing



| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the falling voltage slew rate. This is only applicable for CV slew rate priority mode. |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:FALLing {<NRf> MIN MAX} |
| Parameter | <NRf> Falling voltage t slew rate range. MIN Minimum falling voltage slew rate. MAX Maximum falling voltage slew rate. |
| Example | VOLT:SLEW:FALL 10 Set the fall voltage slew rate to 10V/s. |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:FALLing? or [SOURce:]VOLTage:SLEW:FALLing? {MIN MAX} |
| Return parameter | <NRf> Setted fallimg voltage slew rate value. MIN Minimum falling voltage slew rate. MAX Maximum falling voltage slew rate. |
| Example 1 | VOLT:SLEW:FALL? +10.00 The falling voltage slew rate is 10.00V/s. |

Example 2 VOLT:SLEW:FALL? MIN
+0.01
Returns the minimum falling voltage slew rate (0.01V/s).

| | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| | | Set → |
| | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:STATe | → Query |
| Description | Sets or queries the enable/disable of tUVP function. | |
| Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:STATe <NR1> | |
| Parameter | 0 | tUVP function disabled |
| | 1 | Enable: compare by instantaneous value voltage |
| | 2 | Enable: compare by average value voltage |
| Example | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:STAT 1 | |
| | Enable the tUVP function under instantaneous value voltage comparison conditions. | |
| Query Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:STATe? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | tUVP function disabled |
| | 1 | Enable: compare by instantaneous value voltage |
| | 2 | Enable: compare by average value voltage |
| Example | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:STAT? | |
| | 1 | |
| | The tUVP function is enabled under the instantaneous value voltage comparison condition. | |

| | | |
|-------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | | Set → |
| | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:DELay | → Query |
| Description | Sets or queries the tUVP delay time. | |
| Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:DELay {<NRf>} MINimum MAXimum} | |
| Parameter | NRf | 0.1 ~ 60.0(Second) |
| | MINimum | Set to minimum tUVP delay time |
| | MAXimum | Set to maximum tUVP delay time |
| Example | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:DELay 1.5 | |
| | Set the tUVP delay time to 1.5 seconds. | |

| | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Query Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:DELay? or [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW :DELay? {MIN MAX} | |
| Return parameter | NRf | Setted tUVP delay time value |
| | MIN | Minimum tUVP delay time value |
| | MAX | Maximum tUVP delay time value |
| Example 1 | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:DELay? 1.5 The tUVP delay time is set to 1.5 seconds. | |
| Example 2 | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:DELay? MIN 0.1 The minimum setting tUVP delay time is 0.1 seconds. | |

Set →
 Query →

| [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW[:LEVel] | | |
|--|--|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the tUVP voltage level. | |
| Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection :LOW[:LEVel] {<NRf> MINimum MAXimum} | |
| Parameter | NRf | tUVP voltage value: 0.1V ~ rated voltage |
| | MINimum | Minimum tUVP voltage value: 0.1V |
| | MAXimum | Maximum tUVP voltage value: Rated voltage |
| Example | :VOLTage:PROT:LOW 2 Set the tUVP voltage value to 2V. | |
| Query Syntax | [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW:DELay? or [:SOURce]:VOLTage:PROTection:LOW :DELay? {MIN MAX} | |
| Return parameter | NRf | tUVP voltage setting value |
| | MIN | Minimum tUVP voltage value |
| | MAX | Maximum tUVP voltage value |
| Example 1 | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:DEL? 2 The tUVP voltage value is set to 2V. | |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Example 2 | :VOLT:PROT:LOW:DEL? MIN 0.1 The minimum setting tUVP voltage value is 0.1V. |
|-----------|---|

| | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------|--|-----|----------------------|-----|----------------------|
| | Set → | | | | | | |
| [SOURce:]POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude] | → Query | | | | | | |
| Description | Sets or queries the setting power value in V unit. | | | | | | |
| Syntax | [SOURce:]POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude] {<NRf> MINimum MAXimum} | | | | | | |
| Parameter | <table border="0"> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>The power value can be set within the range of 1 to 105% of the rated power [W].</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum power value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum power value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | The power value can be set within the range of 1 to 105% of the rated power [W]. | MIN | Minimum power value. | MAX | Maximum power value. |
| <NRf> | The power value can be set within the range of 1 to 105% of the rated power [W]. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum power value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum power value. | | | | | | |
| Example | POW 100 Set the power value to 100W. | | | | | | |
| Query Syntax | [SOURce:]POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude]? or [SOURce:]POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE] [:AMPLitude]? {MIN MAX} | | | | | | |
| Return parameter | <table border="0"> <tr> <td><NRf></td><td>Setted power value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MIN</td><td>Minimum power value.</td></tr> <tr> <td>MAX</td><td>Maximum power Value.</td></tr> </table> | <NRf> | Setted power value. | MIN | Minimum power value. | MAX | Maximum power Value. |
| <NRf> | Setted power value. | | | | | | |
| MIN | Minimum power value. | | | | | | |
| MAX | Maximum power Value. | | | | | | |
| Example 1 | POW? 100.0 Returns the setting power (100W). | | | | | | |
| Example 2 | POW? MAX 378.0 Returns the maximum possible power value (378W). | | | | | | |

2.3.10. Trigger Commands

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| TRIGger:TRANsient[:IMMEDIATE] | Set → |
| Description | Generates a software trigger for the transient trigger system. On a trigger, sets the voltage & current. |
| Syntax | TRIGger:TRANsient[:IMMEDIATE] |
| Example | TRIG:TRAN |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| | Generates a software trigger. |
| Related Commands | [SOURce:]CURREnt[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] Refer to Page 43 . |
| | [SOURce:]VOLTage[:LEVel]:TRIGgered[:AMPLitude] Refer to Page 48 . |

TRIGger:TRANsient:SOURce

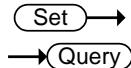
 Set →
→  Query

| | | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the trigger source for the transient system. | |
| Syntax | TRIGger:TRANsient:SOURce {BUS IMMEDIATE} | |
| Parameter | BUS | Internal software trigger. Waits for the *TRG (or IEEE 488.1 “get” group execute trigger) command to start the trigger. |
| | IMMEDIATE | Starts the trigger immediately. (default) |
| Example | TRIG:TRAN:SOUR BUS Set the trigger source to BUS. | |
| Query Syntax | TRIGger:TRANsient:SOURce? | |
| Return parameter | BUS | Internal software trigger. |
| | IMMEDIATE | Starts the trigger immediately. |
| Example | TRIG:TRAN:SOUR? BUS The trigger source is BUS (Internal software trigger). | |

TRIGger:OUTPut [:IMMEDIATE]

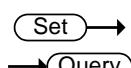
 Set →

| | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Description | Generates a software trigger for the output trigger system. On a trigger, sets the output state. | |
| Syntax | TRIGger:OUTPut [:IMMEDIATE] | |
| Example | TRIG:OUTP Generates a software trigger for the output trigger system. | |
| Related Commands | OUTPut[:STATe]:TRIGgered Refer to Page 34 . | |

TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce

| | | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the trigger source for the output system. | |
| Syntax | TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce {BUS IMMEDIATE} | |
| Parameter | BUS | Internal software trigger. Waits for the *TRG (or IEEE 488.1 “get” group execute trigger) command to start the trigger. |
| | IMMEDIATE | Starts the trigger immediately. (default) |
| Example | TRIG:OUTP:SOUR BUS Set the output trigger system trigger source to BUS. | |
| Query Syntax | TRIGger:OUTPut:SOURce? | |
| Return parameter | BUS | Internal software trigger. |
| | IMMEDIATE | Starts the trigger immediately. |
| Example | TRIG:OUTP:SOUR? BUS The output trigger system trigger source is BUS (internal software trigger). | |

2.3.11. System Command

SYSTem:BEEPer[:IMMEDIATE]

| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the duration of the buzzer from this product. Specify the buzzer duration in seconds. With this command setting, this product will make a buzzer sound. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:BEEPer[:IMMEDIATE] {<NR1>} MINimum MAXimum} | |
| Parameter | <NR1> | Sets the buzzer time: 0 ~ 3600 seconds. |
| | MINimum | Sets the buzzer time to the minimum (0 seconds). |
| | MAXimum | Sets the buzzer time to the maximum (3600 seconds). |
| Example | SYST:BEEP 10 When the buzzer time is set to 10 seconds, the buzzer sound will sound for 10 seconds. | |

| | | |
|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:BEEPer[:IMMEDIATE]? [MINimum MAXimum] | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | Remaining buzzer time. |
| | MINimum | Minimum buzzer time. |
| | MAXimum | Maximum buzzer time. |
| Example 1 | SYST:BEEP 10 "after a 2 second wait" SYST:BEEP? 8 The first command turns on the buzzer for 10 seconds. After 2 seconds, run the "SYSTEM:BEEP?" command. The query returns the remaining buzzer time (8 s). | |
| Example 2 | SYST:BEEP? MAX 3600 Returns the maximum settable buzzer time (3600s). | |

Set → → Query

SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer[:STATe]

| | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the buzzer state on/off. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer[:STATe] {OFF ON 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Turns the buzzer off. |
| | 1 / ON | Turns the buzzer on. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BEEP ON Turns the buzzer on. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BEEPer[:STATe]? | |
| Parameter | 0 | Buzzer state is off. |
| | 1 | Buzzer state is on. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BEEPer? 1 Buzzer state is on. | |

Set → → Query

SYSTem:CONFigure:BLEeder[:STATe]

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the status of the bleeder resistor. |
|-------------|---|

| | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BLEeder[:STATe] {OFF ON AUTO 0 1 2} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Turns the bleeder resistor off. |
| | 1 / ON | Turns the bleeder resistor on. |
| | 2 / AUTO | Turns the AUTO mode on. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BLE AUTO Set the status of the bleeder resistor is AUTO. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BLEeder[:STATe]? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | Bleeder resistor state is off. |
| | 1 | Bleeder resistor state is on. |
| | 2 | Bleeder resistor state is AUTO. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BLEeder? 2 The status of the bleeder resistor is AUTO. | |

SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip[:IMMEDIATE]

 →

| | |
|--|---|
| Description | Trips the power switch trip to turn shut down this product. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip[:IMMEDIATE] |
|  Note | The PSW-M series is a power switch without a trip function. Even if this command is executed, the power switch will not be tripped. |

SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip:PROTection

 →

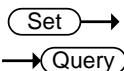
→ 

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Description | Enables/Disables the power switch trip when the OVP or OCP protection are tripped. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:BTRip:PROTection {OFF ON 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Disables the power switch trip for OVP or OCP. |
| | 1 / ON | Enables the power switch trip for OVP or OCP. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT ON Sets enables the power switch trip for OVP or OCP. | |

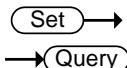
| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFige:BTRip:PROtection? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | The power switch trip state is disabled. |
| | 1 | The power switch trip state is enabled. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:BTR:PROT? 1 The power switch trip state is enabled. | |


Note

The PSW-M series is a power switch without a trip function. Even if this command is executed, the power switch will not be tripped.



| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the CC control mode (local control (panel), external voltage control, external resistance control). This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFige:CURREnt:CONTrol {0 1 2 3} | |
| Parameter | 0 | Local (Panel) control. |
| | 1 | External voltage control. |
| | 2 | External resistance control. $10k\Omega = I_o \text{ max}$, $0k\Omega = I_o \text{ min}$. |
| | 3 | External resistance control. $10k\Omega = I_o \text{ min}$, $0k\Omega = I_o \text{ max}$. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:CURR:CONT 1 Set the CC control mode to External voltage control. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFige:CURREnt:CONTrol? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | Local (panel) control is set. |
| | 1 | External voltage control is set. |
| | 2 | External resistance control is set. $10k\Omega = I_o \text{ max}$, $0k\Omega = I_o \text{ min}$. |
| | 3 | External resistance control is set. $10k\Omega = I_o \text{ min}$, $0k\Omega = I_o \text{ max}$. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:CURR:CONT? 1 The CC control mode is External voltage control. | |



SYSTem:CONFigure:VOLTage:CONTrol

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the CV control mode (local control (panel), external voltage control, external resistance control). This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
|-------------|---|

| | |
|--------|--|
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:VOLTage:CONTrol {0 1 2 3} |
|--------|--|

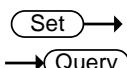
| | |
|-----------|---|
| Parameter | 0 Local (Panel) control. 1 External voltage control. 2 External resistance control. 10kΩ = Vo max, 0kΩ = Vo min. 3 External resistance control. 10kΩ = Vo min, 0kΩ = Vo max. |
|-----------|---|

| | |
|---------|---|
| Example | SYST:CONF:VOLT:CONT 1 Set the CV control mode to External voltage control. |
|---------|---|

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:VOLTage:CONTrol? |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Return parameter | 0 Local (panel) control is set. 1 External voltage control is set. 2 External resistance control is set. 10kΩ = Vo max, 0kΩ = Vo min. 3 External resistance control is set. 10kΩ = Vo min, 0kΩ = Vo max. |
|------------------|---|

| | |
|---------|---|
| Example | SYST:CONF:VOLT:CONT? 1 The CV control mode is External voltage control. |
|---------|---|



SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries parallel and series operation of equipment. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
|-------------|---|

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave {0 1 2 3 4} |
|--------|-------------------------------------|

| | | |
|-----------|---|---|
| Parameter | 0 | Master (Independent operation, Series operation master) |
| | 1 | Parallel operation master (1 slave) |
| | 2 | Parallel operation master (2 slave) |
| | 3 | Parallel operation slave |
| | 4 | Series operating slave |

| | |
|---------|---|
| Example | SYST:CONF:MSL 0 Set the unit operation mode to Master. |
|---------|---|

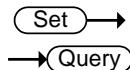
| | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:MSLave? |
|--------------|--------------------------|

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Return parameter | 0 | Master is set. |
| | 1 | Parallel operation master (1 slave) is set. |
| | 2 | Parallel operation master (2 slave) is set. |
| | 3 | Parallel operation slave is set. |
| | 4 | Series operating slave is set |

| | |
|---------|---|
| Example | SYST:CONF:MSL? 0 The unit operation mode is Master. |
|---------|---|

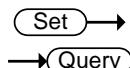
Set → → Query

| SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut:EXTernal[:MODE] | | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| Description Sets or queries the external output logic as active high or active low. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. | | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut :EXTernal[:MODE] {HIGH LOW 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / HIGH | Active high |
| | 1 / LOW | Active low |
| Example | SYST:CONF:OUTP:EXT LOW Set the external output logic to Active low. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut:EXTernal[:MODE]? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | Active high is set. |
| | 1 | Active low is set. |
| Example | SYST:CONF:OUTP:EXT? 1 The external output logic is active low. | |



SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut:PON[:STATe]

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the unit to turn the output ON/OFF at power-up. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut :PON[:STATe] {OFF ON 0 1} |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF Output off at power up. 1 / ON Output on at power up |
| Example | SYST:CONF:OUTP:PON ON Set the output to turn on when the power is turned on. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:CONFigure:OUTPut :PON[:STATe]? |
| Return parameter | 0 Output off at power up is set. 1 Output on at power up is set |
| Example | SYST:CONF:OUTP:PON? 1 The output is set to be on when the power is turned on. |



SYSTem:COMMunicate:ENABLE

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Description | Enables/disables or queries remote interfaces and remote services. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:ENABLE <mode>,<interface> |
| Parameter <mode> | 0 / OFF Disables to the selected interface. 1 / ON Enables to the selected interface. |
| Parameter <interface> | GP-IB Select GP-IB. USB Select USB. LAN Select LAN. SOKets Select Sockets. WEB Select the web server |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Example | SYST:COMM:ENAB ON,USB Enables to the USB interface. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:ENABLE? <interface> |
| Return parameter | 0 Selected interface is disabled. 1 Selected interface is enabled. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:ENAB? USB 1 USB interface is enabled. |

SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess

Set →
→ Query

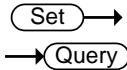
| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries the GP-IB address. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 - 30 |
| Example | SYST:COMM:GPIB:ADDR 15 Set the GP-IB address to 15. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> GP-IB address setting value |
| Example | SYST:COMM:GPIB:ADDR? 15 The GP-IB address setting value is 15. |

SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IPADdress

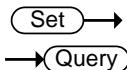
Set →
→ Query

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries LAN IP address. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IPADdress <string> |
| Parameter | <string> LAN IP address in string format: "address" Applicable ASCII characters: 20H to 7EH |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:IPAD "172.16.5.111" Sets the LAN IP address to 172.16.5.111. |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IPADdress? |
| Return parameter | <string> LAN IP address setting value. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:IPAD? 172.16.5.111 The LAN IP address setting value is 172.16.5.111. |



| | |
|------------------|--|
| | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATEway |
| Description | Sets or queries the Gateway address. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATEway <string> |
| Parameter | <string> Gateway address in string format: "address" Applicable ASCII characters: 20H to 7EH |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:GATE "172.16.0.254" Sets the Gateway address to 172.16.0.254. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATEway? |
| Return parameter | <string> Gateway address setting value. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:GATE? 172.16.0.254 The Gateway address setting value is 172.16.0.254. |

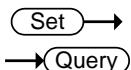


| | |
|--------------|--|
| | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SMASK |
| Description | Sets or queries the LAN subnet mask. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SMASK <string> |
| Parameter | <string> LAN subnet mask in string format: "mask" Applicable ASCII characters: 20H to 7EH |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:SMAS "255.255.0.0" Sets the LAN subnet mask to 255.255.0.0. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SMASK? |

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------|---|
| Return parameter | <string> | LAN subnet mask setting value. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:SMAS? | 172.16.0.254 The LAN subnet mask setting value is 255.255.0.0. |

| SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:MAC | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Description | Returns the unit MAC address as a string. The MAC address cannot be changed. | → Query |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:MAC? | |
| Return parameter | <string> | Returns the MAC address in the following format. "FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF" |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:MAC? 02-80-AD-20-31-B1 | The MAC address setting value is 02-80-AD-20-31-B1. |

| SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DHCP | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the turns DHCP on/off. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. | Set → Query |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DHCP {OFF ON 0 1} | |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF | Turn DHCP off. |
| | 1 / ON | Turn DHCP on. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:DHCP ON Set the turn DHCP on. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DHCP? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | DHCP is turn off state. |
| | 1 | DHCP is turn on state. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:DHCP? 1 | DHCP is turn on state. |



SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS

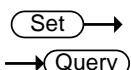
| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries the DNS address. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN: DNS <string> |
| Parameter | <string> DNS address in string format: "address" Applicable ASCII characters: 20H to 7EH |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:DNS "172.16.1.252" Sets the DNS address to 172.16.1.252. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATEway? |
| Return parameter | <string> DNS address setting value. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN: DNS? 172.16.1.252 The DNS address setting value is 172.16.1.252. |

SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname



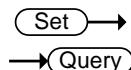
| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns the host name as a string. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOST? |
| Return parameter | <string> Returns the host name in the string format. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:HOST? P-160054 Returns the host name (P-160054). |

SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PACTive

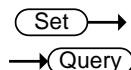


| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries whether the web password is on or off. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PACTive {OFF ON 0 1} |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF Web password off. |

| | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 1 / ON | Web password on. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:WEB:PACT ON | |
| | | Set Web password on. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PACTive? | |
| Return parameter | 0 | Web password is off state. |
| | 1 | Web password is on state. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:WEB:PACT? | |
| | 1 | Web password is on state. |



| SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PASSword | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or queries the web password. This setting will take effect when this product is powered on again. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PASSword <NR1> | |
| Parameter | <NR1> | 0 - 9999 |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:WEB:PASS 1234 | Set the web password as 1234. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:WEB:PASSword? | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | Setted Web password |
| Example | SYST:COMM:LAN:WEB:PASS? | |
| | 1234 | The set web password is 1234. |



| SYSTem:COMMunicate:RLSTState | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or queries the control state of the instrument. | |
| Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate: RLSTState {LOCal REMote RWLock} | |

| | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | LOCal | Sets the instrument to front panel control. |
| | REMote | Sets the instrument to remote interface control. |
| | RWLock | Disables the front panel control and only allows the instrument to be controlled via the remote interface. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:RLST LOC | |
| | Set the instrument control to front panel control. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:RLSTate? | |
| Return parameter | LOC | The instrument is set to front panel control. |
| | REM | The instrument is set to remote interface control. |
| | RWL | The front panel control is disabled. The instrument can only be controlled via the remote interface. |
| Example | SYST:COMM:RLST? LOC | |
| | The instrument control set to front panel control. | |

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| SYSTem:COMMunicate:USB:FRONt:STATe | | |
| → Query | | |
| Description | Queries the front panel USB-A port state. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:USB:FRONt:STATe? | |
| Return parameter | 0 Absent 1 Mass Storage (USB memory) | |
| Example | SYST:COMM:USB:FRON:STAT? 1 | |
| | The front panel USB-A port state is Mass Storage. | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| SYSTem:COMMunicate:USB:REAR:STATe | | |
| → Query | | |
| Description | Queries the rear panel USB-B port state. | |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:COMMunicate:USB:REAR:STATe? | |

| | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Return parameter | 0 | Not used |
| | 2 | USB-CDC |
| | 3 | GP-IB-USB adapter |
| | 5 | RS-232C-USB adapter |
| Example | SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:STAT? | |
| | 0 | The rear panel USB-B port state is not used. |

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:MODE | |   |
| Description | Sets or queries the rear panel USB-B port mode. This command is the equivalent to the F-22 configuration setting. | |
| Syntax | SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:MODE {0 1 2 3} | |
| Parameter | 0 Disable 1 USB Host (GP-IB/ RS-232C) 2 USB CDC: Auto detect speed 3 USB CDC: Full speed | |
| Example | SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:MODE 1 Sets the rear panel USB-B port mode to USB Host. | |
| Query Syntax | SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:MODE? | |
| Parameter | 0 Disable 1 USB Host (GP-IB/ RS-232C) 2 USB CDC: Auto detect speed 3 USB CDC: Full speed | |
| Example | SYST:COMM:USB:REAR:MODE? 1 The rear panel USB-B port mode is USB Host. | |
|  Note | If the adapter (GP-IB/RS-232C) or PC is not connected to the USB-B port on the rear panel, parameters 1-3 cannot be set. | |

SYSTem:ERRor

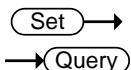
→(Query)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Queries the error queue. The last error message is returned. A maximum of 32 errors are stored in the error queue. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:ERRor? |
| Return parameter | <NR1>, <string> Returns an error code followed by an error message as a string. The string is returned as "string". |
| Example | SYSTem:ERRor? -100, "Command error" Returns the error code (100) and error message (Command error) contents. |

SYSTem:KEYLock:MODE

(Set) →
→(Query)

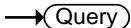
| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the output key operation in panel locked. This setting is the equivalent of the F-19 function setting. |
| Syntax | SYSTem:KEYLock:MODE {0 1} |
| Parameter | 0 Output can be turned off in panel locked. 1 Output can be turned on/off in panel locked. |
| Example | SYST:KEYL:MODE 1 Set the output key turned on/off in panel locked. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:KEYLock:MODE? |
| Return parameter | 0 The output key is set to turn output off in panel locked. 1 The output key is set to turn output on/off in panel locked. |
| Example | SYST:KEYL:MODE? 1 The output key is set to turn output on/off in panel locked. |



SYSTem:KEYLock

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or queries whether the front panel controls are enabled or disabled (key locked state). |
| Syntax | SYSTem:KLOCK {OFF ON 0 1} |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF Sets the front panel control set to enabled. 1 / ON Sets the front panel control set to disabled. |
| Example | SYST:KLOC OFF Sets the front panel control set to enabled. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:KLOCK? |
| Return parameter | 0 Front panel controls setted enabled. 1 Front panel controls setted disables. |
| Example | SYST:KLOC? 0 Front panel controls setted enabled. |

SYSTem:INFormation



| | |
|--|---|
| Description | Queries the system information. Returns the machine version, build date, keyboard CPLD version and analog CPLD version etc. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:INFormation? |
| Return parameter | Definite length arbitrary <block data> response. |
| Example | SYST:INF? #3212MFRS TEXIO,Model PSW-720L80,SN TW01234 56789,Firmware-Version 01.43.20130424, Keyboard- CPLD 0x30c,AnalogControl-CPLD 0x421,Kernel-BuiltON 2013-3-22,TEST-Version 01.00,TEST-BuiltON 2011-8- 1,MAC 02-80-ad-20-31-b1 Returns the system information as a <block data>. |
|  Note | The A at the end of the model name response is omitted. |

SYSTem:PRESet



| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Resets all the settings to the factory default settings. |
|-------------|--|

| | |
|---------|--|
| Syntax | SYSTem:PRESet |
| Example | SYST:PRE Resets all the settings to the factory default settings. |

→ Query

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Returns the version of the SCPI specifications that the unit complies with. |
| Query Syntax | SYSTem:VERSion? |
| Return parameter | <string> 1999.0: Returns the SCPI version. |
| Example | SYST:VERS? 1999.0 Returns the version (1999.0) of the SCPI. |

2.3.12. Logging function command

→ Query

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Description | Returns logging data with the request logging data command. The response data uses IEEE-488.2 binary block format. Please also refer to "4.2.5. Logging data output to the controller" in the operation manual. |
| ! Note | The maximum number of data returned at one time when logging is started is 1000. If data is accumulated in the main unit, issue the command again to retrieve the data. If there is no data in the main body, 0 data will be returned. Also, if logging has not started, no data will be returned. The LF of <end_code> indicating the end of data is not included in the number of binary bytes. The LF command is added to ensure consistency in communication processing. |
| Query Syntax | FETCh:DLOG? |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Response format | The following contents are output with one logging data output. Data is output consecutively without being separated by spaces or ",". ":"X" in the data content is the amount of data. One data amount (X=1) is one 2-digit hexadecimal value. If X=2, there will be two 2-digit hexadecimal numbers. <Start code: 1><Number digits in data count: 1><Data count: 8><Reserved: 2><Checksum: 4> <Start number: 4><Sample period: 4> <Number of log data: 4>{Cell-0: 12} ... {Cell-999: 12} <End code: 1> |
| {Cell-N} | <StateN: 4><VmeasN: 4><ImeasN: 4> (N: 0, ..., 999) |
| Response parameters | Content |
| Start code | It means the beginning of data. This is a fixed value, expressed as "#" in ASCII notation. |
| Number digits in data count | This is the number of digits data when "Data count" is converted to a decimal number. In ASCII notation, it is "8". The number of digits in "Data count" will be 8 digits. |
| Data count | This is the amount of data between "Data count" and "End code". |
| Reserved | It's a reservation number and doesn't mean anything. Fixed value data (X=2). |
| Checksum | This is the sum of the data values between "Checksum" and "End code". |
| Start number | The logging data output count data since the logging function started is output starting from the lowest digit. |
| Sample period | Outputs the set logging time interval starting from the lower digits. Unit: ms |
| Number of log data | "Number of log data" is the number of pieces of logging data. Outputs the number of "Cell-N" to be output starting from the lower digit. Unit: pieces |
| StateN | This is the device status data (32Bit) during logging. |
| VmeasN | This is the voltage measurement value data during logging. Unit: mV |
| ImeasN | This is current measurement value data during logging.. Unit: mA |
| End code | It means the end of data. It is a fixed value and is "LF" in ASCII notation. |

| | |
|---------|--|
| Example | FETC:DLOG? 2338303030303030333000006102000000000000060EA 00000100000018010009C610000000000000A The logging data is “1 logging count, CV mode OUTPUT on, 24.988V, 0A”. |
|---------|--|

2.3.13. Fan stop function command

Set →
← Query

| | |
|--|--|
| CONTrol:FAN:STOP:STATe | |
| Description | Sets and queries the fan stop function. |
|  Note | Please set the fan stop time by manual operation. |
| Syntax | CONTrol:FAN:STOP:STATe {0 1 OFF ON} |
| Parameter | 0 / OFF Turn off fan stop. 1 / ON Turn on fan stop. |
| Example | CONT:FAN:STOP:STAT ON Turn on fan stop. |
| Query Syntax | CONTrol:FAN:STOP:STATe? |
| Return parameter | 0 Fan stop is off state 1 Fan stop is on state 2 Cooling is in progress with the fan stopped and on |
| Example | CONT:FAN:STOP:STAT? 1 Fan stop is in the ON state. |

2.3.14. Common Commands

Set →

| | |
|-------------|---|
| *CLS | |
| Description | The *CLS command clears the Standard Event Status, Operation Status and Questionable Status registers. The corresponding Enable registers in each of the above registers are not cleared. If a <NL> newline code immediately precedes a *CLS command, the Error Que and the MAV bit in the Status Byte Register is also cleared. |
| Syntax | *CLS |

| | |
|---|------|
| Example | *CLS |
| Clears the Standard Event Status, Operation Status and Questionable Status registers. | |

 Set

 Query

| | |
|------------------|---|
| *ESE | |
| <hr/> | |
| Description | Sets or queries the bit sum of Standard Event Status Enable register. |
| Syntax | *ESE <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 - 255 |
| Example | *ESE 255 Set the Standard Event Status Enable register to 255. |
| Query Syntax | *ESE? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> The value set in the Standard Event Status Enable register. |
| Example | *ESE? 255 The Standard Event Status Enable register value are a bit sum of 255. |

 Query

| | |
|------------------|--|
| *ESR | |
| <hr/> | |
| Description | Queries the bit sum of Standard Event Status register. The Event Status register is cleared after it is read. |
| Query Syntax | *ESR? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> The value set in the Standard Event Status register. |
| Example | *ESR? 255 The Standard Event Status register setting sum bits value is 255, and the register value is cleared. |

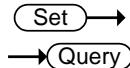
 Query

| | |
|--------------|--|
| *IDN | |
| <hr/> | |
| Description | Queries the manufacturer, model name, serial number, and firmware version of the instrument. |
| Query Syntax | *IDN? |

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Return parameter | <string> | Instrument ID string separated by ','. |
| Example | *IDN? < Manufacturer >,< Model name >,<Serial number >, < Firmware version > | |
|  Note | The A at the end of the model name response is omitted. | |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| *OPC | Set → |
| | → Query |
| Description | The *OPC command sets the OPC bit (bit0) of the Standard Event Status Register when all current commands have been processed. |
| Syntax | *OPC |
| Example | *OPC Sets the OPC bit of the Standard Event Status Register. |
| Description | The *OPC? Query returns 1 when all the outstanding commands have completed. |
| Query Syntax | *OPC? |
| Return parameter | 1 Returns 1 when all the outstanding commands have completed. |
| Example | *OPC? 1 Returns 1. |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| *RST | Set → |
| | |
| Description | Performs the instrument reset. Configures the instrument to a known configuration (default settings). This known configuration is independent of the usage history. |
| Syntax | *RST |
| Example | *RST Performs the instrument reset. |

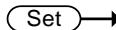


*SRE

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or queries the bits sum of Service Request Enable register. The Service Request Enable register determines which registers of the Status Byte register can generate service requests. |
| Syntax | *SRE <NR1> |
| Parameter | <NR1> 0 - 255 |
| Example | *SRE 32 Set the bits sum of Service Request Enable register to 32. |
| Query Syntax | *SRE? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> The value set in the Service Request Enable register. |
| Example | *SRE? 32 The Service Request Enable register setting sum bits value is 32. |



| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Queries the bit sum of the Status Byte register. |
| Query Syntax | *STB? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> Returns the bit sum of the Status Byte register. |
| Example | *STB? 4 The Status Byte register setting sum bits value is 4. |



*TRG

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | The *TRG command can generate a “get” (Group Execute Trigger). If the trigger command is not accepted, an error message is generated (-211, “Trigger ignored”). |
| Syntax | *TRG |

| | |
|---------|---------------------|
| Example | *TRG |
| | Generate a trigger. |

| | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| | *TST |  |
| Description | Executes a self test. | |
| Query Syntax | *TST? | |
| Return parameter | <NR1> | Returns “0” if there are no errors. Returns an error code <NR1> if there is an error. |
| Example | *TST? 0 The instrument is no errors. | |

| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| | *WAI |  |
| Description | Prevents any other commands or queries from being executed until all outstanding commands have completed. | |
| Syntax | *WAI | |
| Example | *WAI Execute the *WAI command. | |

3. Status Register Overview

To program this product effectively, the Status registers need to be understood. This chapter explains in detail how the Status registers are used and how to configure them.

3.1. Introduction to the Status Registers

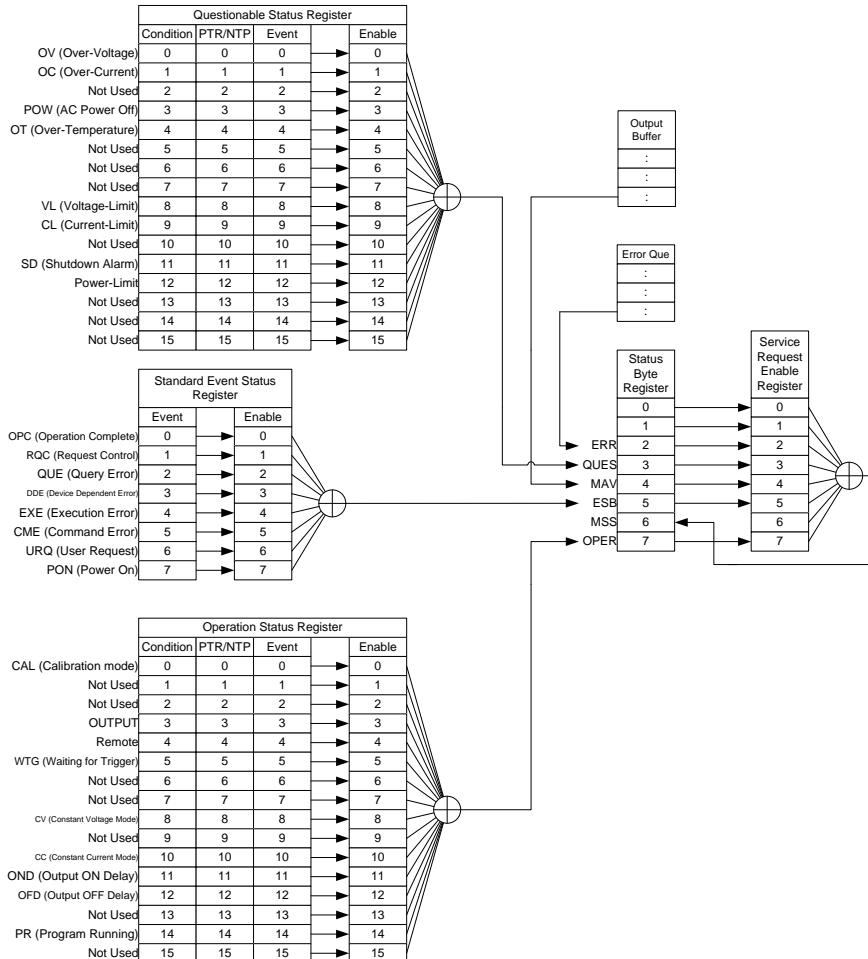
The status registers are used to determine the status of the power supply. The status registers maintain the status of the protection conditions, operation conditions and instrument errors.

This product has many register groups.:

- Questionable Status Register Group
- Standard Event Status Register Group
- Operation Status Register Group
- Status Register Group

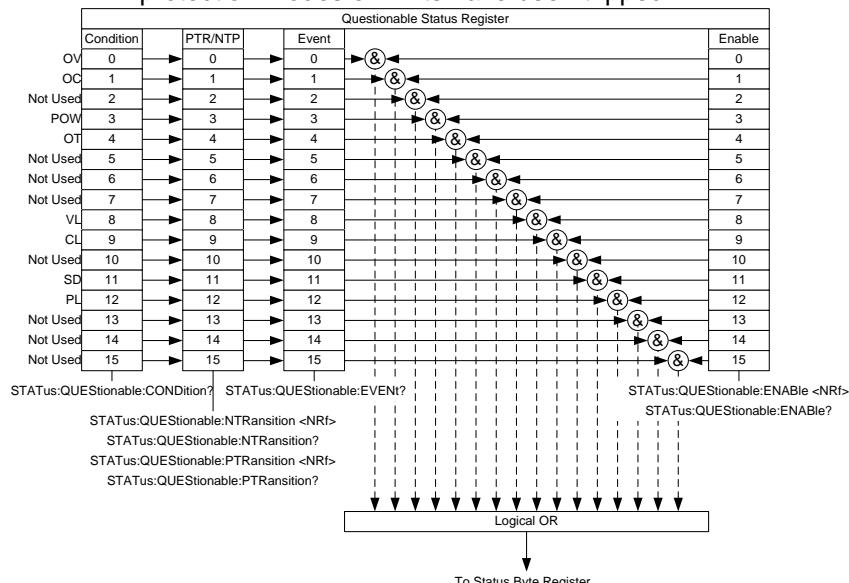
The next page shows the structure of the Status registers.

3.2. The Status Registers



3.3. Questionable Status Register Group

Overview The Questionable Status Register Group indicates if any protection modes or limits have been tripped.

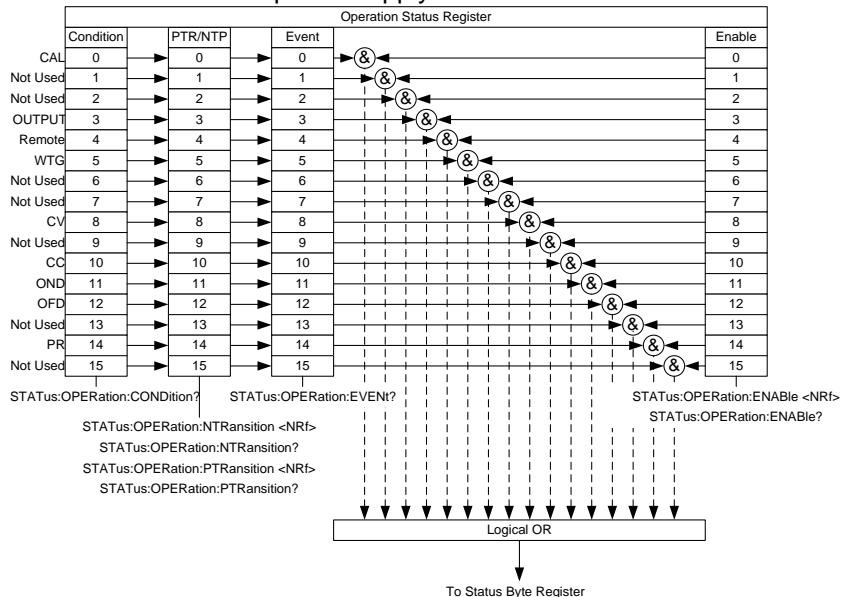


| Bit Summary | Bit name | Event | Bit # | Bit Weight |
|-------------|----------|---|-------|------------|
| | OV | OV (Over-Voltage) Over voltage protection has been tripped | 0 | 1 |
| | OC | OC (Over-Current) Over current protection has been tripped | 1 | 2 |
| | POW | POW (AC Power Off) AC power switch is off | 3 | 8 |
| | OT | OT (Over Temperature) Over temperature protection has been tripped | 4 | 16 |
| | VL | VL (Voltage Limit) Voltage limit has been reached | 8 | 256 |
| | CL | CL (Current Limit) Current limit has been reached | 9 | 512 |
| | SD | Shutdown Alarm | 11 | 2048 |
| | PL | Power-Limit | 12 | 4096 |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Condition Register | The Questionable Status Condition Register indicates the status of the power supply. If a bit is set in the Condition register, it indicates that the event is true. Reading the condition register does not change the state of the condition register. |
| PTR/NTR Filters | The PTR/NTR (Positive/Negative transition) register determines the type of transition conditions that will set the corresponding bit in the Event Registers. Use the Positive transition filter to view events that change from false to positive, and use the negative transition filter to view events that change from positive to negative. |
| | Positive Transition 0→1 Negative Transition 1→0 |
| Event Register | The PTR/NTR Register will dictate the type of transition conditions will set the corresponding bits in the Event Register. If the Event Register is read, it will be cleared to 0. |
| Enable Register | The Enable register determines which Events in the Event Register will be used to set the QUES bit in the Status Byte Register. |

3.4. Operation Status Register Group

Overview The Operation Status Register Group indicates the operating status of the power supply.

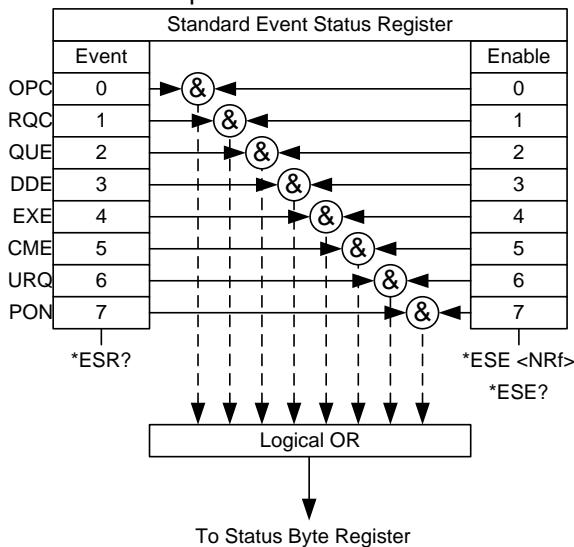


| Bit Summary | Bit name | Event | Bit # | Bit Weight |
|-------------|----------|---|-------|------------|
| | CAL | CAL (Calibration mode) Indicates if the PSW is in calibration mode. | 0 | 1 |
| | OUTPUT | OUTPUT (Output On) | 3 | 8 |
| | Remote | Remote (Remote Control) | 4 | 16 |
| | WTG | WTG (Waiting for trigger) Indicates if the PSW is waiting for a trigger. | 5 | 32 |
| | CV | CV (Constant voltage mode) Indicates if the PSW is in CV mode. | 8 | 256 |
| | CC | CC (Constant current mode) Indicates if the PSW is in CC mode. | 10 | 1024 |
| | OND | OND (Output ON Delay) Indicates if Output ON delay time is active | 11 | 2048 |
| | OFD | OFD (Output OFF Delay) Indicates if Output OFF delay time is active | 12 | 4096 |
| | PR | PR (Program Running) Indicates if a Test is running | 13 | 8192 |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Condition Register | The Operation Status Condition Register indicates the operating status of the power supply. If a bit is set in the Condition register, it indicates that the event is true. Reading the condition register does not change the state of the condition register. |
| PTR/NTR Filters | The PTR/NTR (Positive/Negative transition) register determines the type of transition conditions that will set the corresponding bit in the Event Registers. Use the Positive transition filter to view events that change from false to positive, and use the negative transition filter to view events that change from positive to negative. |
| | Positive Transition 0→1 Negative Transition 1→0 |
| Event Register | The PTR/NTR Register will dictate the type of transition conditions will set the corresponding bits in the Event Register. <u>If the Event Register is read, it will be cleared to 0.</u> |
| Enable Register | The Enable register determines which registered Events in the Event Register will be used to set the OPER bit in the Status Byte Register. |

3.5. Standard Event Status Register Group

Overview The Standard Event Status Register Group indicates if any errors have occurred. The bits of the Event register are set by the error event queue.

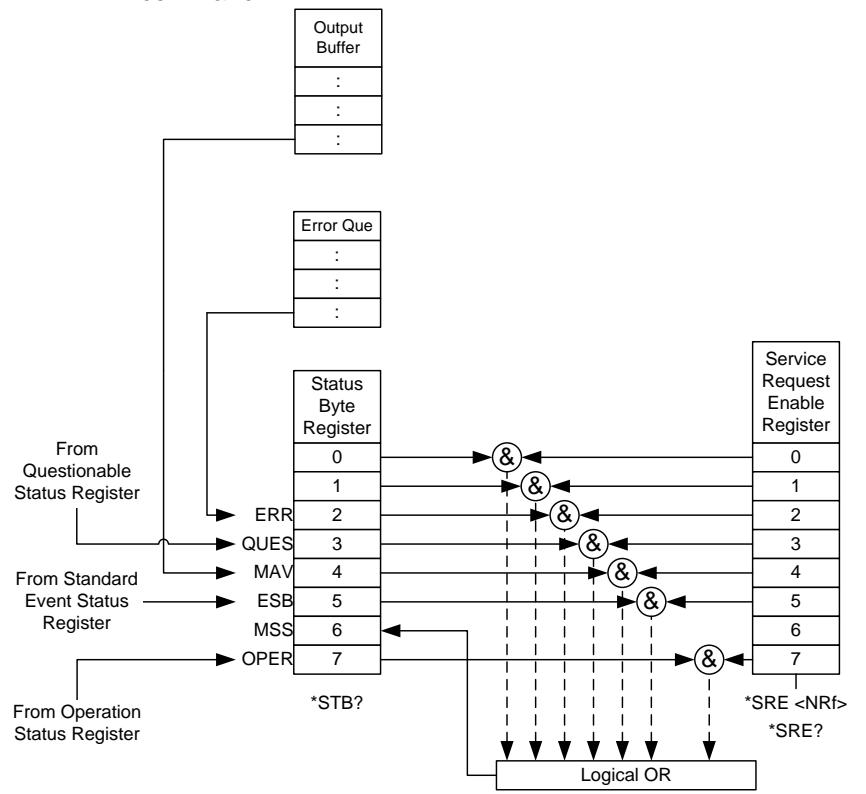


| Bit Summary | Bit name | Event | Bit # | Bit Weight |
|-------------|----------|--|-------|------------|
| | OPC | OPC (Operation complete) The OCP bit is set when all selected pending operations are complete. This bit is set in response to the *OPC command. | 0 | 1 |
| | RQC | Request control | 1 | 2 |
| | QUE | QUE (Query Error) The Query Error bit is set in response to an error reading the Output Queue. This can be caused by trying to read the Output Queue when there is no data present. | 2 | 4 |
| | DDE | DDE (Device Dependent Error) Device specific error. | 3 | 8 |

| | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|---|---|-----|
| | EXE | EXE (Execution Error) The EXE bit indicates an execution error due to one of the following: illegal command parameter, parameter out of range, invalid parameter, the command didn't execute due to an overriding operation condition. | 4 | 16 |
| | CME | CME (Command Error) The CME bit is set when a syntax error has occurred. The CME bit can also be set when a <GET> command is received within a program message. | 5 | 32 |
| | URQ | (User Request | 6 | 64 |
| | PON | PON (Power On) Indicates the power is turned on. | 7 | 128 |
| Event Register | | Any bits set in the event register indicate that an error has occurred. Reading the Event register will reset the register to 0. | | |
| Enable Register | | The Enable register determines which Events in the Event Register will be used to set the ESB bit in the Status Byte Register. | | |

3.6. Status Byte Register Group

Overview The Status Byte register consolidates the status events of all the status registers. The Status Byte register can be read with the *STB? query and can be cleared with the *CLS command.



| Bit Summary | Bit name | Event | Bit # | Bit Weight |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-------|------------|
| | ERR | ERR (Error Event/Queue) If data is present in the Error queue, the ERR bit will be set. | 2 | 4 |
| | QUES | QUES (Questionable Status Register) The summary bit for the Questionable Status Register group. | 3 | 8 |
| | MAV | MAV (Message Available) This is set when there is data in the Output Queue waiting to be read. | 4 | 16 |
| | ESB | ESB (Event Summary Bit) The ESB is the summary bit for the Standard Event Status Register group. | 5 | 32 |
| | MSS | The MSS Bit is the summary of the Status Byte Register and Service Request register (bits 1-5, 7). This will be set to 1. | 6 | 64 |
| | OPER | OPER (Operation Status Register) OPER bit is the summary bit for the Operation Status Register Group. | 7 | 128 |
| Status Byte Register | Any bits set in the Status byte register acts as a summary register for all the three other status registers and indicates if there is a service request, an error in the Error Queue or data in the Output Queue. Reading the Status Byte register will reset the register to 0. | | | |
| Service Request Enable Register | The Service Request Enable Register controls which bits in the Status Byte Register are able to generate service requests. | | | |

4. Error List

4.1. Command Errors

If a command error occurs, the Command Error bit (Bit 5: CME) in the Standard Event Status Register is set.

| Error Code | Description |
|---|---|
| -100 Command Error | This is a general command error. |
| -102 Syntax error | Command string has invalid syntax. |
| -103 Invalid separator | There is an invalid delimiter in the command string. |
| -104 Data type error | There is a data type in the command string that is not allowed. |
| -108 Parameter not allowed | There are parameters that are not allowed. |
| -109 Missing parameter | There is a missing parameter. |
| -111 Header separator error | The command string contains a character that is not a valid header delimiter. |
| -112 Program mnemonic too long | There are long characters (more than 12 characters) in the header. |
| -113 Undefined header | Command with undefined header for device. |
| -114 Header suffix out of range | Header suffix is out of range. |
| -115 Unexpected number of parameters | The number of parameters is different. |
| -120 Numeric data error | There is an error in the numerical data. |
| -121 Invalid character in number | Numeric data contains invalid characters. |
| -128 Numeric data not allowed | Numerical data is not allowed. |
| -131 Invalid suffix | Invalid suffix used. |
| -141 Invalid character data | There is invalid character data. |
| -148 Character data not allowed | Character data is not allowed. |
| -151 Invalid string data | There is invalid string data. |
| -158 String data not allowed | String data is not allowed. |
| -160 Block data error | There is an error in block data. |
| -161 Invalid block data | Invalid block data. |

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| -168 | Blocked data is not allowed. |
| Block data not allowed | |
| -178 | Data format not allowed. |
| Expression data not allowed | |

4.2. Execution Errors

If an execution error occurs, the Execution Error bit (Bit 4: EXE) in the Standard Event Status register is set.

| Error Code | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| -200 Execution error | This is a general execution error. |
| -201 Invalid while in local | Execution is invalid due to device local status. |
| -203 Command protected | Execution is invalid due to command invalidation (protection). |
| -211 Trigger ignored | Trigger ignored. |
| -213 Init ignored | A new measurement start was ignored because another measurement was in progress. |
| -220 Parameter error | Parameter error. |
| -221 Settings conflict | It is not possible to execute due to the operating status of the device. |
| -222 Data out of range | Data is out of range. |
| -224 Illegal parameter value | Reception is invalid due to invalid parameter value. |

4.3. Device Specific Errors

If a device-specific error occurs, the device-specific error bit (bit 3: DDE) in the Standard Event Status register is set.

| Error Code | Description |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| -310 System error | This is a device system error. |
| -320 Storage fault | Data storage error. |

4.4. Query Errors

If a query error occurs, the query error bit (bit 2: QUE) in the Standard Event Status register is set.

| Error Code | Description |
|------------------|--------------|
| -400 Query error | Query error. |



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